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### **COPENHAGEN**

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### Soviet government congratulates Thatcher

MOSCOW (R) — The Soviet government Tuesday congratulated British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher on ber reelection and called for an improvement in relations between Moscow and London. "We are expressing hope for a positive development of Soviet-British relations which would meet the interests of the peoples of both countries and the task of strengthening universal peace," said the government's telegram to Mrs.

### Oadhafi calls for group within OPEC

LONDON (R) — Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has called for. an alliance within the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to counter what he called reactionaries, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported Tuesday. In an interview with Iran's Kayhan newspaper, he said Libya, Iran, Algeria and a few other nations should form a front to counter "reactionary" countries and overcome difficulties facing the 13-member OPEC.

### Japanese minister to visit Iran, Iraq

TOKYO (R) - Japanese Foreign Minister Shintaro Abe plans to visit Iran, Iraq, Bulgaria, Romania and Turkey early in August, the Foreign Ministry announced Tue-Foreign Ministry announced Tue-sday. His itinerary has not been set but Mr. Abe said Monday he pla-nned to leave on Aug. 2. He said Japan hoped to play a part in end-ing the Iraq-Iraq war, though his visits might not produce any intin-ediate results. ediate results.

### Israeli doctors threaten to bankrupt services

TEL AVIV (R) -- Israel's doctors, who have been on partial strike for 15 weeks, threatened Tuesday to make state health services bankrupt by lavishing expensive treatment on patients. Strike leaders, campaigning for 100 per cent wage increases, gave doctors the go-ahead to take a number of measures. ranging from a hunger strike to prescribing expensive treatment and tests which would put a huge financial burden on the Health Ministry.

### China denies accord on Soviet missions

PEKING (R) - China denied Tuesday it had reached an agreement with the Soviet Union on opening consulates in Leningrad and Shanghai. Foreign Ministry spokesman Oi Huaiyuan described reports that the two countries had agreed in principles as "groundless.".

### Pakistan says no quick Afghan solution

ISLAMABAD (R) — Pakistan's Foreign Miniater Sahabzada Yaqub Khan said Tuesday the U.N.-sponsored peace talks resuming in Geneva on Thursday would not bring a quick and easy solution to the problem of Afghanistan. He told the reporters before leaving for Geneva that there were many obstacles and difficulies in the process.

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- dictable pattern, page 6 Recession bites deeper into Italian economy, page 7 Salvadorean army hums

rebels, page.8

# Israel denies artillery duel with Syrians in Bekaa

# Lebanese factional violence re-erupts

BEIRUT (R) — Factional violence erupted in north Lebanon Tuesday but Israeli spokesmen flatly denied reports of an artillery duel on the front line with Syria late Monday

echoed through the slums of the northern port of Tripoli as a pro-Syrian militia dubbed "the Red Knights" battled an Islamic fundamentalist group bitterly opposed to Syria's military presence

A military commander of the Islamic Unity Movement" was killed and at least 15 people wounded, local sources said. Efforts by community leaders to patch together a truce appeared to have made little immediate headway.

The front line between Syrian and Israeli troops in the Bekaa Valley, however, was reported quiet and Israeli spokesmen denied Lebanese radio and television reports of an hour-long tank battle between the two sides Monday

State-run Beirut Radio said the exchange of tank fire took place near the village of Hosh Al Harimi, about 15 kilometres from the Syrian border, and ended at 10:15 p.m. (2015 GMT). There were no reports of casualties.

The right-wing Falangist radio said its correspondent in the area counted 30 shells during the exchange- which it said was lit by flares apparently fired by both sides. Lebanese media bave reported

sporadic exchanges of fire bet-

TEL AVIV (R) — A rare visit to Israel by the Satmar rabbi. spi-

ritual leader of one of Judaism's

biggest anti-Zionist sects, has

reawakened bitter rivalries in the

The rabbi, 68-year-old Moshe

Tenlebaum who lives in New York, is regarded by tens of tho-

usands of adherents in Israel and

the United States as infallible and

almost divine. He is hereditary

heir to a line of Hassidic sages

which originated in Eastern Eur-

ope more than two centuries ago.

Israel last week, accompanied by

an entourage of 800 disciples. He

was greeted by a crowd of

100,000, all wearing the tra-

ditional Hassidic garb of black or

striped caftans, knee breeches and

sence led to violence. On Sat-

urday, the Jewish Sabbath, scores

of his most zealous followers hur-

led rocks at cars to protest against

Six policemen were burt trying

to restore order and five youths

were arrested. On Monday, four

of the youths received two-week

On Monday night, a tear gas

grenade was lobbed into the house

of the leader of a rival Hassidic

sect, the rabbi of Belz. Police said

they suspected Satmar hotheads.

around the country to various rel-

igious shrines has resembled a

He travels in a Cadillac at the

The rabbi, who is reputed to be

a multi-millionaire, also took care

to protect his investments by arr-

anging for telex facilities to keep

him in touch with the New York,

Security men are careful not to

allow women within sight of the

holy man. Ultra-orthodox Jews

believe they can be spiritually con-

taminated by looking at a woman

who is not in a state of ritual pur-

head of a long motorcade. Sec-

royal tour.

Rabbi Teitiebaum's progress

jail sentences and large fines.

violation of the holy day.

Within days, the rabbi's pre-

Rabbi Teitlebaum arrived in

ultra-orthodox community.

Anti-Zionist

rabbi's visit

reawakens

Israeli

rivalries

Gunfire and shell explosions ween the Israelis and Syrians recently, but they have been denied by Israeli spokesmen and generally ignored by Syria.

### Israelis escape bomb attack

In Israeli-held South Lebanon. a bomb exploded near an Israeli convoy in the town of Sidon but caused no casualties.

The Israelis threw a security cordon round the area, began house-to-house searches and made four arrests, local residents

There have been several attacks against Israeli troops in Lebanon over the past week resulting in Isr-

In the hills southeast of here. around the huge Israeli prison camp at Ansar, the Israelis cut all main roads, searched bouses and detained at least four people. Lebanese security officials said.

There were reports of a mass escape attempt on Sunday night at the camp, where about 5,000 men. mostly Palestinian civilians, have been detained for up to a year.

The Israelis said no one escaped but one prisoner was killed. Just southeast of Beirut, heavy fighting later broke out between the Druze town of Aitat and a rig-

State-run Beirut Radio reported tank fire and continuous explosinns could be beard.

The radio also said a Sovietmade Grad rocket fell on the Sarba area, a few kilometres north of Beirut. Residents betieved the rocket was fired by pro-Syrian militias in the mountains. Last week three women died in a direct bit. There was no immediate word

of casualties in either case. Investigations were continuing Tuesday into the gunbattle inside a Palestinian refugee camp near the port of Sidon during the night in which two young men died.

### Fighting in 'Ain Al Hilwe

Residents of the Ain Al Hilwe camp. where some 50,000 ref-ugees live, said heavy firing went on for over an hour and the two victims had been considered "collaborators" with the Israelis, who control the area.

Early on Tuesday, unknown gunmen opened up with a machinegun against two Palestinians near the camp but they escaped unhurt, local residents reported.

In Bikfaya, home town of Lebanese President Amin Gemayel, a massive carbomb was discovered and safely defused early Tuesday. The BMW car was loaded with

96 sticks of dynamite, 50 kilogrammes of high explosive and an electronic timer, state-run Beirut Radio said.

Israeli warpianes rattled windows in Beirut Tuesday when they broke the sound barrier over the

## Israel rejects Egypt's protest against office in E. Jerusalem

establishment of an office for Israel's defence minister in Arab East Jerusalem, an Israeli emb- it pleased." assy spokesman said here Tue-

He said Israel's ambassador to semi-official newspaper Al

CAIRO (R) — Israel has rejected to the Egyptian note that "Israel an Egyptian note protesting at the considers Jerusalem as its unified and eternal capital and as such it is free to set up its offices anywhere

exchange, first published in the

Egyptian Foreign Ministry off-

icials declined to comment on the

### Cairo, Mosbe Sasson, had replied Ahram Tuesday. Libya-Brazil arms saga ends

BRASILIA (R) - The saga of a operation. Libyan attempt to ship arms to Nicaragua via Brazil ended Tuesday after nearly two months with the departure of the last of the

An air ministry spokesman said a Libyan Hercules cargo aircraft left the north-eastern city of Recfour cargo planes involved in the ife on its way back to Tripoli.

# Reagan: It is Moscow's turn to show 'flexibility' in talks

WASHINGTON (R) - President of the cynical agreement between Reagan said Monday it was Mos- Soviet Russia and Nazi Germany cow's turn to show some flexibility in nuclear arms talks and rejected. as "a meaningless gesture" the aded by Stalin's Red Army in Kremlin's proposal for a nuclearfree zone in Scandinavia and the Baltic region.

"I urge the Soviets to concentrate on the serious negotiations in Geneva, instead of making meaningless gestures ... we've demonstrated flexibility. The ball is now in their court," Mr. Reagan said at a White House ceremony marking Baltic Freedom Day

Mr. Reagan harshly condemned He said it was "a living reminder elf to a spirit of trust."

that precipitated World War II. The three countries were inv-1940 and thousands of their citizens were deported to Soviet con-

centration camps or executed.

"It seems ironic that those res ponsible for the repression I've been describing are now proposing what they call an 'atomfree Baltic'," Mr. Reagan said.

He noted the recent sightings of unidentified submarines in Norwegian and Swedisb waters and. leaving no doubt that the believed what he called the Soviet Union's the craft belonged to the Soviet occupation of the Baltic states of Union, Mr. Reagan said, "this Latvia, Estonia, and Lithuania. kind of conduct does not lend its-

### Palme welcomes Soviet offer of talks on 'nuclear-free' Baltic

COPENHAGEN (R) - A Soviet offer to discuss making the Baltic Sea a nuclear weapons-free zone was a "positive contribution" towards a nuclear-free Nordic region, Swedish Prime Minister Olof Palme said Monday.

Speaking to reporters after he addressed the North Atlantic Assembly, Mr. Palme said however that more clarification was needed on the offer, made earlier this month by Soviet leader Yuri And-

In his speech to the assembly, an inter-parliamentary forum com- added.

prising parliamentarians from the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation's (NATO) 16 member countries, Mr. Palme condemned the basing of security on atomic deterrence.

He reiterated his support for a Nordic nuclear-free zone to include neutral Sweden and Finland and the Scandinavian NATO member states, Denmark and Norway.

Iceland, being a Nordic country, should also be invited to join in any zone agreement, Mr. Palme



loded in the Northern Ireland city of Belfast. The bombings were suspected to be carried out by the Irish Republican Army (IRA), which is fighting for Northern Ireland's independence from Britain

# League official says no request for summit

ABU DHABI (R) — The Arab The official said Arab League League has received no official Secretary-General Chadli Klibi. request from any Arab state for an currently touring Arab caphals.

Arab summit on Middle East isshad discussed with Arab leaders Arab summit on Middle East issues, a senior League official said

efforts to narrow differences in the Arab World were successful. "If Arab leaders are widely div-

ergent in their views a summit meeting would fail," he said, Palestine Liberation Org-

anisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said in Bahrain on Sunday a summit would be held on Middle East problems, but the date and venue were still under discussion.

issues including the Lebanon-Israel troop withdrawal agrhere Tuesday. Israel troop withdrawal agr-The official, who declined to be eement and the mutiny in the named, said such a meeting would PLO's Fatch guerrilla group.

e inappropriate unless current He carlier Tuesday had talks with United Arab Emirates Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Rashid Al Abdullah Al Nuaimi.

Mr. Klibi, who is expected to leave for South Yemen Wednesday, has already visited Algeria, Lebanon, Syria, Iraq. Jordan.

Saudi Arabia, Bahrain and Qatar. The official said he would also visit North Yemen and might go back to Lebanon and Syria later.

# Iraqi president reportedly considering visit to Egypt

CAIRO (R) - Iraqi President Saddam Hussein is considering paying a visit to Egypt to improve bilateral relations, an Egyptian newspaper reported Tuesday. The weekly Al Shaab, mouthpiece of the opposition Socialist Labour Party (SLP), said the Iraqi leader had told a party delegation in Baghdad last week that be was thinking about coming to Cairo because Egyptian-Iraqi solidarity is pivotal for pan-Arab solidarity.

Al Shaab said the delegation led by SLP Chairman Ibrahim Shukri had met President Hussein and other Iraqi leaders. Relations between the two countries, strained since Cairo's 1979 treaty with Israel, have recently improved as a result of Egyptian support to Iraq in its war with Iran.

# Lebanon parliament ratifies pullout pact

BEIRUT (R1 — The Lebanese formally. parliament, brushing aside strong

ernment last month. After a two-day debate the in favour of the accord with two southern Lebanon, and says the votes against and four abstentions. agreement will turn Lebanon into

The Israeli Knesset (par- an "Israeli protectorate".
liament) has already approved the Al Baath, organ of Syria's ruling U.S.-sponsored accord signed on Baath Party, said Tuesday that May 17, and Tuesday's vote opens partiamentary moves to ratify the the way of the two countries to

exchange texts of the agreement

But implementation of the accobjections from Syria. Tuesday ord still remains in doubt as tsrael approved by a massive majority will not withdraw its 25,000the Israeli troop withdrawal acc- strong invasion force from Lebord signed by the Beirut gov- anon unless Syria also leaves the country.

Syria rejects the accord, which ingle-chamber assembly voted 05 gives Israel surveillance rights in

(Continued on page 3)

# Arafat calls for Fateh meeting to discuss revolt

leader Yasser Arafat is expected 10 confront rebels within his Fateh guerrilla group for the first time next week at a session of Fatch's Revolutionary Council. Palestinian sources said Tuesday.

The sources said Mr. Arafai was calling a meeting of the 73member council to discuss a revolt by hardline Faieh officers who oppose his moderate policies and favour all-out armed struggle against Israel.

The meeting is likely to be outside the northero Lebanese city of Tripoli, where the PLO has major

DAMASCUS (R) - Palestinian bases in an area under the overall control of Syrian troops, they said. Members of the Revolutionary Council who supported the revolt had been invited to the council session. It was estimated there were about nine such members.

> the sources said The ioial number of rebels, based behind Syrian lines in eastern Lebanon, is not known, Arafat aides have spoken of 200 dissidents in Lebanon, where there are believed to be at least 8,000 Palestinian fighters.

> > (Continued on page 3)

# Red Cross appeals over bombings in S. Lebanon

ernational Committee of Red Cross (ICRC), which had two of its vehicles blown up in Lebanon on Sunday, said Tuesday: "If anyone has any reproach to make to us, let them come and put it directly to us.'

The Red Cross chief delegate in had no clue who was responsible Lebanon, the Red Cross monitors for the attack early on Sunday in conditions in an Israeli prison the Israeli-occupied port of Sidon in which two Red Cross vehicles were blown up

A statement issued to reporters are being held. at a news conference said: "There are people in this region who ign-

BEIRUT (R) - The Int- ore the importance of dialogue.

which is always possible... "The International Committee of the Red Cross strongly wishes to persevere in its humanitarian tasks and reiterates its vow to maintain dialogue with all parties in the conflict.

Apart from supervising aid to Lebanon, Armin Kobel, said he victims of the Israeli invasion of camp at Ansar, southeast of Sidon, where some 4.700 Palestinian and Lebanese civilians

(Continued on page 3)

## **British committee defends** 'fortress Falklands' policy

LONDON (R) — Britain has no choice but to pursue its costly concern that the heavy cost of deffortress Falklands' policy of ending the islands might undkeeping a large garrison on the South Atlantic islands to repel possible Argentine attack, a British parliamentary committee said Tuesday.

Reporting one year to the day after fighting ended in the Falklands war, the all-party Defence Committee said the dispute with Argentina would remain insoluble in the next few years and there was little hope that diplomacy could ease the tensinn.

The committee also expressed ermine Britain's contribution to the North Atlantic Treaty Org-

The report was the only official reminder of the 10-week war as the first anniversary of the Argentine surrender, greeted with jubilation by Britons at the time.

anisation (NATO).

went virtually unmarked. Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher had no plans to commemorate the victory, her office said, nor had any of her ministers.

### Curfew imposed | West German pacifists plan major protests in Srinagar BONN (R) -- West Germany's U.S. cruise and Pershing-2 mis-

NEW DELHI (R) - A 24-hour curfew was ordered in parts of the Kashmir capital of Srinagar Tuesday after renewed clashes in which 600 people were injured. the Press Trust of India (PTI) news agency reported.

Police fired in the air, used hundreds of tear gas shells and made repeated baton charges to disperse rival gangs of political supporters who rampaged through

(Continued on page 3)

### 'Italian banker may have been killed in U.K.

LONDON (R) - Italian financier Roberto Calvi, nicknamed "God's banker' because of his links with the Vatican, may have met his death at the hands of a sophisticated criminal organisation. the Calvi family lawyer said Tue-

Lawyer George Carman outlined the murder hypothesis wbile cross-examining a pathologist at a

(Continued on page 3)

anti-nuclear weapons movement said Tuesday it aimed to stage the biggest protests in the country's history next October against the breaking the law. planned deployment of new U.S. medium-range nuclear missiles.

A coordinating committee representing 26 leftist, pacifist and ecologist organisations announced plans for a week of demonstrations, blockades and acts of civil disobedience from Oct. 15.

Spokesman Jo Leinen said the protests were expected to mobilise almost a million people to prevent

the siting in West Germany of

siles from December. He said they would use "all peaceful means." even if this meant

It was clear that the Geneva U.S.-Soviet talks on curbing medium-range missiles were only meant to distract public attention from the inevitable deployment. Mr. Leinen said.

"The negotiations are not being taken seriously," he added, citing

would have to begin before there was any chance of a negotiated arms control agreement.

The protest plans announced Tuesday include blockades of U.S. nuclear bases in West Germany. demonstrations at the consulates and embassies of nuclear powers. action by trade unions, women's groups and schools and three mass 'people's assemblies."

The giant rallies will be held in Bonn, Hamburg and Neu-Ulm statements by U.S. Defence Sec- outside Stuttgart, believed to be retary Caspar Weinberger that one of the planned deployment Washington believed stationing sites for Pershing-2 missiles.

# Ugandan cattle rustlers kidnap 500 people

KAMPALA (R) — More than Karamajong tribesmen in Uganda's eastern district of Soroti since last December and Ugandan officials fear they are dead, inf-

ormed sources said Tuesday. The figure was given by area security officials when they discussed the problem this weekend at Mbale in eastern Uganda, the

sources said. A report prepared during the meeting said 10 people were

known to have died in Soroti and a 500 people have been abducted by further 516 were missing and presumed dead, the sources said.

Some 289 women were raped by the tribesmen, nomads who usually roam the Karamoja district of northeastero Uganda but have now extended their activities

the report said. trict since December, the report 1979.

Officials said villagers in other districts in eastern Uganda had also been terrorised by marauding

rustlers in the last six months.

Cattle raiding is traditional among the nomadic Karamojong. But instead of spears, their trato the neighbouring Soroti district. ditional weapons. many of them now have firearms -- looted from The cattle rustlers have also sto- the local army barracks in the len 22:437 cattle, 17,708 goats chaos which followed the oveand 30 sheep from the Soroti dis- rthrow of dictator Idi Amin in

# **FEATURES**

# Indian brides still fall victim to dowry system

By Jeremy Clift Reuter

NEW DELHI — Huge sums that change hands when Indians marry can turn some brides' wedding certificates into their death war-

In India's marriage market every man has his price and every bride her dowry.

Sudha Kumar, 21, had hers but it was not enough for her acquisitive new relations. Her punishment was to be doused in kerosene and numed alive when almost nine-months pregnant.

Her murderers--husband Lakshman Kumar. 25, his brother Subhash Chander, 28, and their mother Shakuntala Devi 53 -- sorı of trousseau which would were sentenced to death by a Delhi court.

Judge S.M. Aggarwal described Sudha's death as a well-planned. diabolical murder. The tale behiod it was a familiar one of torment and greed.

The giving of dowry has been outlawed since 1961 but it is still very much part of the marriage business in India.

Most marriages in the subcontinent are arranged and, particularly among Hindu families. the dowry is normally fixed privately in a business like way. It can include cash, jewellery, a car, household gadgets or property.

Originally a dowry was given to the bride by her parents. It was a allow her some wealth of her own and something to pass on to her daughters. Typically it took the form of gold, jewelry or silk saris.

But today young brides are expected to bring cash and gifts to the groom's family and the unscrupulous can see it as a way of making quick money. The size of the dowry is closely linked to the groom's prospects, education and social standing.

A graduate of a British or American university who is now a doctor, civil servant or engineer can command a dowry of anything from \$20,000 to \$60,000.

Even a poor labourer will demand 2,000 rupees (\$200).

Middle class families arrange the marriages through personal contacts, agencies or newspaper advertisements prioted across several pages of the Sunday editions. Typical ones read:

-- Handsome Delhite, suitable government official for sophisticated beautiful virgin 22 years B.A. employed in central govemment.

-- Really beautiful. educated. cultured match for a very handsome. Brahmin boy. 27 years 166 cms. Chartered accountant. Girl's merits only consideration. Caste no bar in deserving cases. Some will specify that no dowry.

is to be given but in most cases some type of gift is expected. Generally the agreed dowry is

happy, normal married life. But problems arise when in-laws start demanding more dowry than originally given.

Under the Indian system the newly married girl moves in with the family of her husband. Clashes with motbers-and sister-in-law are almost inevitable.

She is almost defenceless if she does not get along with her new relations or they press her for more dowry and gifts.

If these demands are not met or if the original dowry is regarded as insufficient, many brides meet with deaths which are curiously similar.

In almost every case, kerosene,

paid and the couple go on to lead a used for cooking and lighting in many Indian homes, is poured over the victim and set alight.

> Many of the deaths are passed off as suicides or accidents. Because there are no witnesses, it is difficult to prosecute. .

In Sudha Kumar's case, her screams brought neighbours running. She died in bospital the next day but the neighbours testified that she bad accused her new relations of snatching her jewellery and burning her.

Judge Aggarwal observed that the investigating officer had fabricated a brief dying declaration quoting Sudha as saying she had been burned in an accidental fire while heating milk.

Delhi court has sentenced som-

The judge said the number of cases was assuming menacing proportions. There are no reliable statistics

oo how many brides burn to death but women's groups have urged that every "suicide" by a young woman in the first five years of her marriage should be investigated.

Police statistics show that in Delhi alone 305 women suffered 'accidental burns" in 1981 while last year the figure rose to 332. There were 92 cases of women committing suicide by fire in the capital last year compared with 75

Men who favour the dowry syseone to death for bride-burning, tem say because so much has been spent on a son's education they were entitled to some return.

> But women's groups have said it merely reflected the lower status of women in Indian society, which treated them as second class citizens even though india had a woman prime minister...

In the Western state of Maharashtra a group called the antidowry and anti-atrocity front has been formed, its convener, Rooma Kulkarni, charges that three out of four deaths of newly wed wives are due to dowry.

The planners say building mat-

erials can be transported to the

coast on temporary roads ass-

embled on stilts along major rivers

running into the bay and ferried to

The home of major industrial

groups such as Matsushita Electric

Industrial Company and Sharp

Corporation, the Kansai region

round Osaka accounts for 20 per

cent of Japan's economic activity,

and industrialists see an improved

airport as vital for its prosperity.

If the airport is approved there

The main Japanese airport at

Narita is so far from the capital's

city centre that many of the 40

million passengers who used it last

will be many smiles in the Kansai

region, but air travellers may be

the island on barges.

ess enthusiastic.

fate at Osaka.

# Xinjiang hopes to attract foreign business

By Roger Crabb Reuter

URUMOI, China - The remote and rugged westernmost region of Xinjiang is opening its doors to the world with the help of millions of dollars of foreign investment.

One joint business venture, a knitwear factory set up in the northern city of Uruqi with Hong Kong and Japanese backing, is already well under way, winning annual export orders of over \$8 million.

But it looks like being just the tip of an imposing foreign investment iceberg in the region.

Qi Guo, secretary of the region's Communist Party Committee says Xinjiang hopes to attract more than \$100 million of overseas capital by 1985 to help tap the rich natural resources of the region, one-sixth of China's total area, which borders the Soviet Union, Mongolia. Afghanistan and Kashmir.

In a recent interview. Qi said that over the next two and a half years the region could be involved. in 22 projects with businessmen from Japan. Kuwait: Italy. Australia. West Germany, the United States and Hong Kong.

He said foreign investments totalling \$101.2million would back six joint ventures. 12 compensatory trade projects and four projects using foreign loans which would include plants to produce wine. synthetic ammonia, textiles. nonferrous and rare metals, animal fodder and leather goods.

He said the programme would start with six projects later this year, the main one being the bui-Iding of a fertiliser plant funded by low-interest loans from Kuwait. The plant is due to open by 1985. producing 520,000 tonnes annually.

Over the next two years regional authorities will cooperate with Japanese businessmen to expand two existing printing and dyeing mills, upgrade one cottonseed processing plant and build a new one, he told the official newspacer China Daily. We expect to have more for-

eign businessmen helping us to run sugar refineries, candy plants and wineries and to grow beets, fruit and grapes." the newspaper quoted him as saying.

Local officials in the oasis city of Turfan confirmed there had been

talks with Japanese. French and, British firms on developing wine production in their lush "grape valley" where most of the output of 1,250 tonnes of grapes are dried

Over the next two years regional authorities will cooperate with Japanese businessmen to expand two existing printing and dveing mills, upgrade one cottonseed processing plant and build a new one.

for raisings. Party chief Qi also said Xinjjang planned processing plants for its ricb deposits of petroleum, coal

Urumqi officials said a French firm. Compagnie Generale Geophysique, was involved in oil exploration in the region but so far there was no foreign investment in the oil business here.

four million of an estimated narional output of some 102 million tonnes of oil this year. Wu Xiang of the regional planning committee said this figure was expected to more than double by 1990 and increase five-fold to 20 million tonnes by the year 2000. One problem for foreign bus-

Xinjiang plans to produce about

inessmen thinking of investing here is the vast distances goods must be carried over some of the world's most inhospitable terrain -- the Gobi and Takla Makan Deserts and the Tianshan Mou-An American businessman planning a fruit canning plant in Kas-hgar between the Takla Makan

and the Pamir Mountains eventually called off the project because the logistical problems were too huge. No such problems appear to

hub of Xinjiang's road, rail and air links and close to the mountain pastures of the sheep and gots whose wool is turned into topquality woollens and Cashmere garments.

The three-mill plant, which started production two years ago, is 51 per cent owned by the Urumqi municipality. Two Hong Kong businessmen have 38 per cent of the stock and the Osaka-based Japanese textile giant Toyobo holds 11 per cent.

Administrator Wang Baokun said it sold garments to nine countries including the United States. France, Italy, Singapore and Australia in its first year. This year's orders already exceed \$8 million.

Urumqi Mayor Ismail Mehsut told reporters some foreigners had raised the possibility of more textiles and tourism joint ventures in the city itself.

But potential investors are believed to be watching carefully the Tianshan knitwear venture's progress to see bow its management copes with training a largely unskilled work force to use sopbisticated machinery, and how affect the Xinjiang Tianshan Woomuch cooperation it receives from llen Spinning and Weaving Comthe traditionally lethargic Chinese pany, situated in Urumqi city, the bureaucracy.

# Japan's offshore airport may draw broad smiles

**By Keith Stafford** 

OSAKA, Japan - The Japanese government bopes to counter complaints about aircaraft noise from residents of the country's second largest city of Osaka by considering a plan to build a new airport on a nearby man-made isl-

It announced that a group of cabinet ministers would begin regular meetings to discuss the plan, which would adapt a 1,230hectare (3,000-acre) island in Oska bay into an airport site with passengers moving to and from the island along a bridge.

Planners hope to complete the first of three runways by 1992 and estimate their total cost to run to 900 billion yen (\$3.9 billion).

Japan's main airport, serving Tokyo, moved further away from the city centre five years ago to lessen noise pollution and overcrowding. A remote spot on former farmland about 60 kilometres to the northeast, near the town of Narita, was chosen as the new site.

In order to avoid noise problems, the planners say, Osaka's new airport must be built five kilometres into the bay, where it will be able to operate round the clock.

In 1975 opposition from the city's nine million residents led to the suspension of night flights. But two years ago the snpreme court reversed the suspension and instead ordered the government to pay noise compensation.

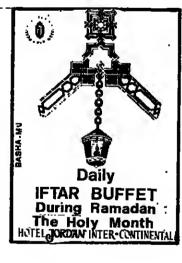
But four thousand people living near the airport have refused to accept the compensation. The government said it would

be spending four billion yen (\$17 million) this year on preparatory work for the proposed new air-Planners turned to the island

airport idea because there was no suitable farmland near Osaka as there was near Narita. Also prominent was the memory of the opening of the Narita

mers and riot police.

year faced a trek of more than two hours along congested roads to their final destinations in central Tokyo. intermittent fighting between rad-Now they might face the same ical leftists supporting local far-





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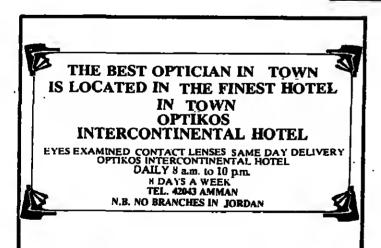




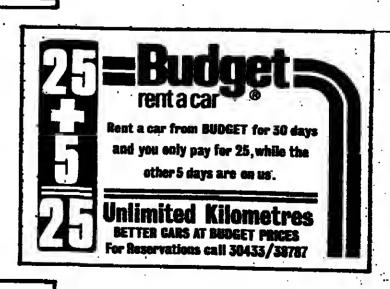




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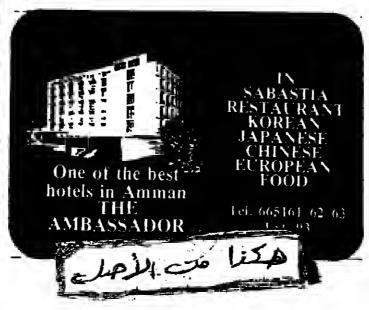
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an eye to the future

# 'SOS' statutes approved

AMMAN (J.T.) — The statutes eless children are housed, taken formulated for the SOS children's village organisation in Jordan was approved by its founding members the representative of the SOS organisation in Jordan said

Mr. Wolfgang Krug von Nidda said that at a meeting held at Her Majesty Queen Noor's office the founders of the SOS organisation in Jordan approved its by-laws and forwarded them to the Ministry of Social Development in order to register the organisation.

The SOS children's villages is an international organisation that helps children who are in need of care, either because they have lost their parents or are homeless for any other reason. For that purpose the SOS build "children's villages", where orphan and homcare of by "special mother" and

The building of a children vil-lage in Jordan, which has been approved by Her Majesty the Queen, is at present underway.

Mr. Nidda said that the designs for the SOS-children's village in Jordan have already been drawn up. The village will consist of 15 to 20 family-houses which are run by a "village director".

The construction of the village, which will be carried out by a local engineering firm, will start next October, Mr. Nidda said. The laying of the corner stone, however, is expected to take place in August in the presence of Dr. Hermann Gmeiner, the Austrian founder of the SOS. Mr. Nidda added.

# Fruit, vegetable deal with Syria confirmed

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and Syria Tuesday reached agreement on the exchange of fruits and vegetables between the two countries. This followed a visit by a delegation led by the director-general of the general company for vegetables and fruit in Syria and talks with Agriculture Minister Marwan Dudin, the director of the Agricultural Marketing Corporation (AMC) and a number of other officials.

According to the agreement, Jordan will export tomatoes, eggplants, marrows, beans, peas and lemons to Syria. Meanwhile. Syria will export to Jordan potatoes, onions, garlic, carrots, beets, apples, appricots, eherries and peaches.

The prices of the vegetables and fruits to be exchanged have been fixed, and each side will send a representative to the other country to ascertain the quality of the vegetables and fruits and to give their preliminary approval for their export.

The quantities to be exported or imported by each country have also been fixed.

The agreement was reached at the end of a four-day visit by the Syrian delegation which started on June 11.

# The grandeur of Petra captured on film

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - Petra, that most photographed place in Jordan, is alsoperhaps one of the most difficult to capture successfully on film. How do you convey its grandeur. its timelessness, its immensity? How do you reveal the intricate carving of its monuments which are so separate, so different to the surrounding rocks yet so utterly bound to it? Then there is the feeling that Petra still lives - it is not the barren archaeological site long since ahandoned hy man so many photographs show it to be - it has its own population of bedouins who sleep and eat in the shaded recesses, the cool caverns, who stretch their tents and looms in front of the ancient facades.

### Strange and majestic

One person bowever has managed to capture all these things with his camera. His name is Roger Cloitre, and his colour prints of that strange and majestic place are on show at the French Cultural Centre until the end of the month. Clothe first wend to Petra six years ago, since which time he has visited the place regularly staying each time, not in the hotel, but with the bedowns themselves. For the first two years Cloitre never took his camera and it is probably this period of quiet reconnaissance, this time when his neck was unfettered by the weight of a camera, and his eye and mind free from the restriction of always seeing things in terms of photographic composition that he was able to understand what Petra was all about see it as a whole -

where past and present are bro-

(Continued from page 1)

agreement were illegal and aff-

irmed that Damascus would not

change its opposition to the acc-

today to give an aspect of legality

and permanence to this agreement

are unjust and illegal," it declared.

The massive approval was wid-

ely expected, hut will give a

much-needed boost to the gov-

ernment of President Amin Gem-

ayel, which has sought wide dom-

estic backing for the controversial

(Continued from page 1)

The rebellion erupted into an

artillery hattle in eastern Lebangn-

earlier this month between pro

and anti-Arafat groups before

Palestinian civilian refugees mar-

ehed to the area to force a cea-

The rebels had called for a spe-

(Continued from page 1) One detainee was shot and kil-

led on Sunday night in what Israel

said was an attempt to escape.

Local sources spoke of an att-

empted mass breakout, but Red

Cross delegates never comment

"The forces which are trying

ught together by it inhabitants and where opposites live together

### Rich pattern

It is these latter contrasts that Cloitre first brings our attention to. Looking at "Le vieux Village de Wadi Mousa en Automne' where the rooves of the small square houses covering the gently undulating hills form a rich pattern with the tiny trees whose aging leaves are set alight by the last slanting rays of the setting sun, one would never imagine that so close by there is Wadi Araba from which rise great mountains of ragged rocks, vertical peaks which loose their colour as they receed but not their drama. Then while emphasising the depths, the pre-

### ART REVIEW

cipitous gorge sides of the "siq" by the prescence of a lone bedouin woman on her donkey. Cloitre goes on to show its dusty dryness by placing the print next to a shot of a small mountain pool (Vasque Taillee dans un Gres Rose par le Wadi Siyagha) whose ever widening ripples eventually plunge over the lid of the rock that holds it prisoner and out of sight. .

### Spectacular contrasts

These are spectacular contrasts, the kind of opposites one would expect of a place like Petra. But Petra is a place of people too and Cloitre's human contrasts are sensitive ones. Sometimes they are wrily humourous - like the juxtaposition of the old bedouin woman, with eyes as deep and

Arah states, fearing Lebanon will be forced to go back on its

Arah commitments, have given it

a generally cool reception and

pro-Syrian and leftist politicians

inside the country have pledged to

turnout of 71 deputies at the deb-

ate as relatively large, given fears among some deputies of reprisals

from opponents of the accord.

Political sources described the

The parliament has 99 seats, but

eight deputies have died or been

assassinated since elections were

last held in 1972, while a further

five are reported to be outside the

olutionary Council to air their gri-

evances but there was no imm-

ediate confirmation Tuesday that

they would attend.
The fact that Mr. Arafat had

decided to convene the council

suggested he was confident he

could retain its support for his lea-

Red Cross appeals over Lebanon attacks

had notified the Israeli authorities

about the dynamiting, but said it

was hard for the organisation to

Access to the Israelis had bec-

He said Israeli troops were pre-

ome more difficult in recent

months, he said, but did not know

cootact senior Israeli officers.

Arafat calls for Fateh council meeting

Lebanese parliament ratifies pact

dark as the mountain pool car-rying a huge load of kindle on her hack next to the photograph of two men sleeping on ancient steps -- sometimes they are moving as looking and laughing at the chein the portrait of the old woman eky child. with the baby but always they are affectionate and sincere.

### Everyday bedouin

Perhaps even more impressive than Cloitre's contrasts are his shots of everyday bedouin life scenes which we know about hut rarely see for ourselves. As Cloitre says" You have to know them very well, they have to trust and like you before they will let you watch them cooking, churning and weaving in their homes." And this is where Cloitre's two cameraless years have paid dividends, for not only did the hedouin men. women and children cease to worry about his presence when he eventually did bring his camera, but they liked him, accepted him, knew he would not betray them and in this way he had become part of them and thus virtually mvisible which allowed Cloitre to catch them unawares; busy at their tasks and his work is furbuid with a task sense of spontaneity and life.

### Sense of composition

But it takes more than patience to produce such a collection of photographs and Clottre has obviously got what it takes. He has, first and foremost, an innate sense of composition which is seen at its last four years, and through them best in such shots as "Preparation d'un Repas des Noces". Here is the classical pyramidal arrangement of figures so beloved of . photographs we start to unddarkness of the perametre draws

Prime Minister Shafiq Al Waz-

zan said in an interview broadcast

Tuesday that the accord would not

become effective until the two

countries exchanged instruments

ressed confidence that Syrian Pre-

sident Hafez Al Assad will eve-

ntually agree to withdraw his est-

imated 40,000 men from north

The fact that he preferred to

hold the meeting outside Tripoli

indicated he felt he had more sup-

port in northern Lebanon than he

did farther east, in the Bekan Val-

ley, where most of the rebels are

ering the village of Deir Qanoun.

outside Tyre, which they have hlo-

ckaded since Friday following a

guerrilla attack nearby which kil-

Religious leaders from the village have protested about the blo-

ckade but reports from South

Lebanon said the village was still

cut off from all supplies Tuesday.

led three Israeli soldiers.

of ratification.

the ground.

and east Lehanon.

based, they added.

cial session of Fateh's Rev- dership, the Palestinian sources

the eye like a magnet to the central - of life as well as to the picture - preparation of food. Then there is "Tendresse" where all are

### Natural light

Cloitre also has a deep concern for the lighting of his pictures. All are taken in natural light. "I don't use any filters" Cloitre explains" I just wait or return to a place until I get the effect I want". In a place like Petra lighting is especially the effect I want". In a place important as without dramatic shadows to highlight the relief work of the architecture as Cloitre has caught in such works as "D'or et de Pierre" the facades easily. fade into the rock from which they were carved.

Cloitre attributes his ability to catch such impressive shots like Filent les Jours' where the old bedouin women intent on spinning her wool in the dark recesses of her home - a cave - is lit by sunlight pessing the smoke of her fire giving the whole scene a hazy sense of mystery and times gone by - to luck. But the fre-quency with which these "lucky" shots appear suggests that there is much more to them than that and they are in fact triumphs of difficult camera technique.

These photographs are a very personal view of a place we all know. They show us Cloitre's Petra, the Petra he has so carefully and so lovingly recorded over the

Cloitre reveals to us just some of the secrets Petra bides so well. With this excellent collection of the Renaissance painters and the erstand Petra just a little hit bet-

### 'Italian banker may have been murdered'

(Continued from page 1) second London inquest on the

62-year-old hanker. He said Lebanon was in no Mr. Calvi, president of the colhurry to make the exchange while lapsed Banco Ambrosiano, Italy's it was uncertain that the agrlargest private hank, was found eement could be implemented on last June 18 hanging by the neck from scaffolding under a hridge over London's River Thames. U.S. and Lebanese officials. however, have repeatedly exp-

His family, who say he was murdered, won the right to a fresh inquest in March when a British high court quashed an earlier verdict of suicide.

Mr. Carman asked British pathologist Professor Keith Simpson whether criminals on a boat could have rendered Mr. Calvi unconscious with a drug called ethyl

chloride, soaked in a pad. Mr. Sunpson replied that the possibility could not he excluded and later agreed the hypothesis was not medically inconsistent.

Mr. Carman continued: "The evidence may emerge that he was in fear of his life from others. He might have met his death at the hands of a sophisticated criminal organisation."

Earlier, Mr. Simpson told the jury be found a double red line round Mr. Calvi's neck and other minor injuries associated with hanging, but no evidence of drowning, drugs, alcohol or a str-

Mr. Calvi's clothes were weighted down with lumps of stone. His feet were in the water and the rest of his clothes damp.

sitting room, dining room and big kitchen, central heating.

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# Judges and lawyers: What next?

By Mahmoud Al Kayed

AMMAN —I do not know what is the wisdom in not writing about the "problem" or the "conflict" which has been taking place for about a week now, particularly given all the surreptious talk that has been going on about it.

Different views have been voiced on this problem to the point that it has become the most important local issue, equally preoccupying wide sectors of those interested in the affairs of the jud-

ges and lawyers.

I know that writing on this subject is a sensitive and serious matter. I also know that knocking at the doors of judges and lawyers is not an easy matter and that interference in a "difference" between the judges and lawyers is a risk fraught with all kinds of dangers, particularly if one remembers words such as penalties. charges, imprisonment, indictment and other phrases which judges and lawyers use -- words and phrases which frighten the press and the journalist, and makes him feel that he is walking in a minefield, without beginning

However, the press, or the fourth authority as they call it, should shoulder its professional responsibility and involve itself in this conflict without fear, because it has a duty to perform both to the country and citizen, as well as a responsibility for honesty which should govern its publications.

The issue of the lawyers and judges began six months ago. However, it did not come out in to the open until last Wednesday, when the President of the Amman Penal Court Hanna Al 'Araj issued a warrant to arrest the harristers Ibrahim Bakr, Kamal Al

against them by the President of the Amman First Instance Court. Mr. Justice Farouk Al Kilani. He took exception when the lawyers appealed on behalf of a chent to the Amman Court of Appeals in which the plaintiff (Justice Kilani) considered the hill of appeal both insulting and including fabrications against his court. Barristers Bakr and Nasir were actually arrested, and a letter was

addressed to the President of the

National Consultative Council (NCC) to lift immunity from the third defendant, NCC member Kamal Al Dajani. On the same evening, the Jordanian Bar Association (JBA) council, which viewed this measure as harmful to the "friendly relations existing hetween judges and lawyers, and a restriction on the sacred rights of defence gra-

nted to lawyers and to their pro-

fession," summoned their mem-

bers to an extraordinary general meeting, which over 300 lawyers

They studied all aspects of the case and came to the conclusion that the measures taken by the president of the Amman Penal Court had been without jusnification and amounted to a clear violation of justice.

In protest against this decision. the JBA council decided by consensus to do the following: 1. Call on all lawyers to stop

for one day (Thursday June 9. 2. Call on all lawyers to stop appearing in court in eases han-

work at all courts in the country

dled by the plaintiff and the judge handling the case Hanna Al 'Araj until further notice. 3. Take the necessary measures

to sue in court each of the judges

strength of a complaint submitted of the law on the independence of the judiciary.

On the next day. Thursday. June 9, the lawyers carried out their decision to stop work. The result was that the courts, outside the Amman courts complex. postropped or dimissed the cases sch-

eduled for that day. At the end of the day, the president of the Amman Penal Court. the same judge who issued the original warrant, decided that "after taking the circumstances of the case into consideration, he would release the two detainees on bail of JD 100 on the request of one of their friends."

On Saturday morning, June 11. the lawyers carried out the decision not to appear in court in cases handled by Kilani and Araj. However, a number of judges at the Amman courts studied the matter and issued a memorandum signed by around 50 of their number criticising the attitude of the lawyers. The memo, addressed to the

Minister of Justice with copies to the prime minister and the president of the Judiciary Council, denounced and condemned the attitude of the JBA president and members of the JBA council, which they regarded as "interference" in the affairs of the judiciary with the aim of weakening the judicial system and making it subject to the influence of the law-

The judges then demanded that the following be taken:

The necessary measures to repel this danger and to prevent its repetition in the future.

2. That the JBA president apo-

logises for and withdraw his statement and to "revoke all the decisions made by the JBA council on the grounds that it is insulting to

Dajani and Elias Nasir on the in accordance with the provisions the dignity and independence of the judiciary.

3. That if the JBA council does not approve this, that the Minister of Justice use the powers sti-pulated in the JBA law to "dis-

solve the JBA." The judges concluded their memo by saying that they signed the memo quite prepared to take the necessary measures to defend the independence of the judiciary and to prevent interference in its own affairs.

On Monday, the JBA council held a meeting at the JBA pre-. mises and decided to stick to its decision not appear in cases presided over by the two justices until further notice, and to submit a complaint against them to the Minister of Justice to be referred to the Judiciary Council.

This is briefly the aspects of the problem which took place at the Amman courts complex last Wednesday. In presenting the details of this problem we know that it cannot be resolved by newspapers or journalists.

We think that the dispute has at least become straight forward with the demands and the points of view of each side being clearly laid

Who is to tackle this problem and seek to resolve it? And which is the body most suited to protecting justice and the sovereignty of the law?

We hope that the Judiciary Council, which has men who have been working in the judiciary in this country since its very inc-eption will find a proper and quick solution which protects the authority of the judiciary and consolidates the spirit of fraternity between the judges and the lawyers - a spirit based on the wisdom and tolerance which is the characteristic of the judiciary.

# 'U.K.' club two years old

AMMAN (J.T.) — A social club stage."

Hence the main goal at this from universities and colleges in the United Kingdom has recently

celehrated its second anniversary. The United Kingdom Arab Students (UKAS) cluh.was founded by a number of British university graduates in 1981 with!the primary aim of providing advice with Jordanian students who are interested in continuing their studies ahroad, and to help recent graduates find jobs in Jordan.

The club also has the other ohjective of organising social and cul-

ndation the president of the club said "the club has launched social and cultural activities, but we still consider ourselves at the founding

In an assessment of the work of the club after two years of its fou-

stage is to get new members and to raise funds to enable the club to achieve its aims, he added. Most of the 120 members are relatively new graduates "veteran

graduates" not having joined yet. Mr. Bargouti said. Among the most important activities launched by the club this

year was a series of lectures on topic, relating to the development process in the country. These lectures, which were held at the club huilding located on the University of Jordan campus, included a lecture hy National Consultative Council (NCC) member Laila Sharaf on the role of youth in development, and another one by the director of the Amman Financial Market.

# Tal receives N. Yemeni

AMMAN (Petra) - Education Minister Sa'id Tal received Tuesday president of the commission of the educational institutes in the Arab Republic of Yemen Yahya they discussed aspects of coo- ntry.

peration between the two cou-

Dr. Tal said Jordan is prepared to provide North Yemen with the necessary expertise to develop the Al Ghasil. During the meeting, educational services in the cou-

# Zarqa governor thanked

AMMAN (Petra) - Interior Minister Ahmad Obeidat Tuesday sent a letter of thanks to Zarqa District Governor Salim Al perty in the district. Qudah for the efforts he has made

together with the state property committee in stamping out the incidents of trespass on state pro-

### Airport phone numbers released

AMMAN (Petra) - The Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) announced Tuesday that the telephone numbers of the Queen Alia International Airport will be as follows: Switchboard: 52000/08

Administration: 527000/08 Information (southern terminal): 53250/08

Information (northern terminal):

53050/08, 53082/08 and 53070/ Public relations: 53222/08

### Curfew imposed in Srinagar

(Continued from page 1) the city looting shops and setting several huildings ahlaze, the agency stated.

PII reported that 75 of the injured were in a serious condition. The agency said the violence erupted between supporters of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's Congress (I) Party and the locally-ruling National Conference Party.

The National Conference Party won this month's elections in the disputed Himalayan mountain state after a campaign in which three people died and several hundred were injured.

Repolling was ordered in parts of 10 constituencies after the June 5 ballot for a 76-seat state assembly after charges of rigging and voter intimidation.

PTI said swords, knives, acid hottles and stones were used in Tuesday's clashes and hospitals were jammed with people suffering from stah wounds.

Several cars were set on fire, a temple attacked and a number of houses ransacked in the flare-up. the agency added. A new conference government.

under the leadership of Farouq Abdullah, was sworn in at the weekend to administer the predominantly Muslim state.



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# Try harder, Washington

THE political scene in Washington these days is reminiscent of the Haig era, when everything, the Middle East very much included, was seen in East-West eyes. It is a dreadful scene, and one that forebodes a hig setback for U.S. interests in the Arab World and the whole region.

From the president down, American officials have been singling out the Soviet Union, and its military aid to Syria, as the stumbling block to implementing the Lebanon-Israel troop withdrawal agreement. These officials forget, or choose to forget, that without their country's unlimited supply of money and arms to Israel, there might have not been a Lebanese problem to negotiate in the first place.

So what if the Soviet Union supplies Syria with SA-5 missiles to defend themselves and their territory against Israeli attacks and invasions, when all that Washington has done so far is arm Israel to the teeth and beyond civil recognition? How is it right for the Americans to think that peace between the Arah World and Israel could be achieved only if the Israelis were allowed to maintain superiority over the Arabs? What makes the Reagan administration so sure that the agreement on Lebanon is tailor-made for manipulation by the Israelis?

We are not trying to defend the Soviet or Syrian positions regarding the troop withdrawals from Lebanon. Both countries can do the talking for themselves. It should also be clear that Lebanon must be helped to regain its independence and sovereignty, and its legitimate government supported in rebuilding the country and its institutions.

For us, the American talk about "unhelpful Soviet intentions" and "Syrian intransigence" is one big obstacle to achieving progress on Lebanon and the wider question of Middle East peace. If the U.S. is sincere in its efforts to rid Lebanon of occupation, and in its desire to achieve overall peace in this area, American officials have to try harder in finding the real causes of the problem and in facing them head-on.

Then, and only then, it is fine if the Americans will not work hand-in-hand with the Soviets to achieve a comprehensive Middle East settlement, although they may still find the problem too complicated for one superpower to handle.

### <u>ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS</u>

### Al Ra'i: U.S.' barter system

THE U.S. administration has frankly hinted that Israel's withdrawal from the Golan Heights could be raised in Syrian-American negotiations in return for Syria's withdrawal from Lebanon. The remark was made by U.S. envoy to the area Morris Draper to the N.B.C. news. Thus the U.S. administration has finally realised that Israel's occupation of the Golan Heights is the main obstacle in the way of any settlement of the Lebanese problem. Nevertheless, the "barter game" which the U.S. administration is hinting at. is in itself an encouragement to Israel to committel aggression. The barter which Draper is talking about involves Syrian territory usurped by Israel through aggression as much as it involves Lebanese territory, also usurped by Israel through aggressive means. This amounts to a recognition of aggression as a means to achieve regional gains, atlowing the aggressor to barter one piece of land for another.

It is true that any American effort to persuade Israel to withdraw from the Golan Heights is a positive step which can only lead the area towards greater stability. However, the "barter game" will still be viewed with suspicion, particularly as Israel still rejects the bartening. of Palestinian lands for peace; an idea already accepted by the Arabs. Syria's right to the Golan Heights is undisputable and is not open to bargaining. Likewise Lebanon too is entitled to regain its occupied territories, and these should both take place without bartering taking

### Al Dustour: Israeli rule, nothing new

ISRAEL RADIO has said that a report has been prepared by the Israeli military authorities to apply Israeli law to the occupied West Bank. This does not say anything new, because since Israel's 1967 occupation of the West Bank, it was evident that Israel has never been willing to withdraw from the occupied territories. After the Begin government assumed office, the Israelis started talking about the "liberation" of the West Bank and the Gaza Strip and their return 10 Israeli sovereignty. Last September, President Reagan presented his initiative which included the freezing of the settlement drive. Nevertheless, Israel rejected the initiative, thereby affirming that any initiative not acceptable to Israel would fail. Israel then intensified its settlement policy and seized more Patestinian lands.

The application of Israeli law to the West Bank was an Israeli goal then. But when Israel's radio reports this only two days ago, it was only trying to sound out Arab and international reaction to any Israeli decision to seize more Arab lands by force. While Arab weakness encourages Israel to violate every international laws, the United States has no justification for standing idly by. The United States, which has said that the West Bank and the Gaza Strip are occupied Arab territories, should couple its announcement with serious action to prevent Israel from continuing its outlaw existence.

### Sawt Al Shaab: Israel's frantic policy

EVERYTIME THE United States hints at the possibility of having the Arabs regain their occupied territories as part of a political settlement or objects to the actual measures of annexation of the occupied territories, the Begin government resorts quickly to construct more settlements. Recently, Israel announced that it would apply Israeli law to the West Bank. The reason for such a measure being that Israel is not sure about U.S. policy trends which could oppose Israel's expansionist ambitions. Thus Israel is trying to expedite the decision on the future of the West Bank and block the way for the Labour Party's moderate solution on the occupied territories--a proposal which increasingly appeals to Washington. Therefore the Begin government is trying to assert the Likud's hardline position which regards the occupied Palestinian lands as liberated Israeli lands, which cannot be negotiated on. Furthermore, Menachem Begin, who feels that his rule in Israel will be over soon. wants to make sure that, while he is still in office, all Arab lands will be Judaised, making it impossible to reach a settlement through negotiations. He is also giving more incentives to Jewish immigrants to settle in the West Bank settlements.

# NATO preparations aim at spurring Soviet seriousness in Geneva talks

By Ethan Bronner

Reuter
BRUSSELS — NATO foreign ministers will reaffirm yet again soon their plans to station new U.S. nuclear missiles in Western Europe from next December, but in a real sense that deployment has already begun. NATO officials

They say deployment of low-Pershing-2 missiles requires months of preparation -- completion of sites, training of personnel and weapons testing - all

of which is in full swing.

Parts of the missiles will arrive gradually over the coming months and the procedures for the installation of about 40 of them will be completed in December - not begun then, as many people ass-

And, they say, the Soviet Union is watching the process closely through its satellite reconnaissance photographs.

The officials say they hope this is influencing the Russians at many. U.S.-Soviet arms talks in Geneva. convincing them the West is serious. The negotiations are aimed at stopping all land-based medium-range missile deployments in Europe, or at least

limiting them at agreed levels.

One NATO ambassador said a statement by Moscow 15 days ago that it would retaliate against depknew what was going on.

American officials. including Detence Secretary Caspar Weinberger, maintain that the Soviet Union already has short-range flying cruise and fast, accurate nuclear warheads in Eastern Europe and that the retaliation warit look as if Moscow is responding to Western actions.

NATO officials make a point of saying the missiles' arrival in Western Europe will not be announced beforehand. They will be brought in over the coming months and their existence will be made public when they are ready for use, some time in December.

The first of 572 missiles due for deployment are 16 cruise missiles in Greenham Common. England, 16 cruises at Comiso. Sicily, and nine Pershing-2s in West Ger-

One NATO official said the deployment of Pershing-2s is partly, if not largely, a question of modifying a few of the 72 Pershing-ta missiles already

A top West German military officer, who agreed partly but not entirely with that assessment. said: "For some parts, meterial loyment by doing the same in East from the Pershing-la can be used Europe was a way of saying it for the Pershing-2. They are after all the same weapon-family with similar parts. But part of the guidance system, for example, is different.

Officials are less than fortheoming in giving details of the differences between the two weaning is simply an attempt to make pons and their statements frequently contradict one another. According to one top official. the Pershing-2 uses the same launcher as the Pershing Ia. but ano-

ther official said they were only similar, not exactly the same. The Pershing-2 is currently gress is made at Geneva. being tested in the U.S. and the Few Western officials Defence Department says it is ling to predict whether the dismaking good progress after some

early trouble. The first Pershing test flight last year was a failure and the second

only a partial success. But a Defence Department report said that on June 2, the Pershing-2 successfully completed its 12th test flight from Cape Canaveral. Florida. It travelled about 1.600 kilometres to a precise target in the Atlantic Ocean in just over 11 minutes.

A Pentagon spokesman said this was the longest flight to date and "all indications are that it met its objectives." Six more tests are scheduled to be completed by Sept. 30.

The cruise missile has posed other problems.

New Soviet ground-to-air missiles and advanced radar may present a serious threat to the slow. low-flying pilotless drone, officials

But they discount reports that the ground-launched cruise has already become vulnerable and semi-obsolete and say it will certainly be deployed in West Germany. Italy. Britain, the Net-berlands and Belgium if no pro-

Few Western officials are wilarmament talks will in fact produce an accord.

But all say that the continued preparations for missile deployment in full view of Soviet satellites is aimed at making the point that the West is serious about the.

They say that only if the Soviet Union is convinced NATO will actually deploy the new wexpons can it be forced to negotiate seriously in Geneva.

# Pope's Poland visit may not have rapid results

By Tony Austin - Reider

VATICAN CITY — Pope John Paul keeps an appointment with destiny in his native Poland this month but the outcome will not be immediately apparent and could even be deceptive. Vatican analysts believe.

Supreme pontiff of a church which measures progress over centuries rather than months, the Pope knows better than any of his predecessors the danger of inspiring false hope among his countrymen.

"He will not be aiming at immediate results." one Vatican aide who sees the pope regularly told Reuters.

He said the pope was aware of his influence over Polish Catholics and would use it to bolster spiritual attachment to the church rather than urge them to seek political objectives.

There was concern in the Vatican that precipitate action by Polish extremists could lead to a clash with their communist rulers and result in bloodshed which would involve other European countries.

he added. But in private talks with the Communist leadership, the Polish pope will stress that the church is in many ways stronger than when he last returned home in 1979 and the government would do well to recognise this.

In contrast to its failure to achieve recognition for the independent trade union Solidarity, the church has never had so many vocations in the religious orders.

Vatican sources said a former Soviet ambassador to Rome commented after the election of Karol Wojtyla as pope that this was one contingency the Kremlin had not included in its calculations.

A member of the Polish Communist Party's Central Committee, informed of the cardinals' choice by telephone, blasphemed violently and said: "Wojtyla, it would have to be him," according to Western sources.

In St. Peter's square, thousands of pilgrims clap and cheer as the pope concludes his weekly general audience with a prayer in Polish that often alludes to social conditions in the country where he was born 63 years ago.

For more than a year he has addressed such prayers to the Black Madonna of Czestochowa. whose 600th anniversary is the main religious reason for his June 16-23 tour.

True to his Polish Catholic tradition, John Paul feels drawn to honour the sacred symbol of his faith and nationhood in the same way that a Muslim is bound to make a pilgrimage to Mecca.

When talks between Polish church and government over the papal visit ran into trouble last lamuary, the pope said he was ent-rusting to the Black Madonna any decisions about whether he should go, and on which date.

He has only to set foot in Poland and the atmosphere will become vital," a Vatican aide said. The one thing you can say with certainty about this pope is, something unexpected is sure to hap-

In his public speeches, which he is likely to write himself, the pope will touch the bedrock of traditional belief that characterises Polish Roman Catholicism.

The faith has been closely identified with Polish nationhood ever since the birth of the nation in the year 466 and Karol Wojtyla's academic studies convinced him that religion and culture were interdependent.

He has a fatalistic approach to his own part in the process, considening that his life was spared in an assassin's attack in 1981 as an act of providence in order for him to complete his mission as pope.

At a huncheon in his Vatican suite recently, the pope confirmed a story about his escape from a Nazi patrol in the streets of wartime Krakow, long before he decided to enter the priesthood. which also refflects his sense of mission.

Karol Wojtyła fled down a manhole, pulling the cover back in place before the Germans rounded the corner, and groped his way along underground galleries until he emerged in the cellar of the former royal palace, then occupied by the Archbishop of Kra-

The archbishop admired Wojtyla's courage and shielded him from German authorities, little realising that the young Pope would one day occupy his own position and inhabit as incumbent the palace where he once sought

refuge.
"This pope has an acute sense of the Polish people's history and his own destiny," the Vatican aide said. "He is able to look at the wider picture while still focusing on problems that need solving

The pope condemned the banning of Solidarity last autumn and urged martial law authorities to release all political prisoners before his visit.

But the Roman : Catbolic Church believes time is on its side in the age-long struggle against atheism, and the results of Pope John Paul's visit will not be immediately clear.

Proof of the underlying strength of Polish faith is the fact that, after nearly 40 years of communist rule. the country produced the first Pope from Eastern Europe.

# Ali Saleh: N. Yemen aims at democratic, Islamic society

By Khaled A. Al Maeena

SANAA — North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh says his first priority in the new era is employing all efforts for putting the values of the National Charter into effect by reactivating the state's various apparatus and establishing a just and prosperous democratic, Islamic society in the country.

In an interview with the Saudi English language newspaper Arab News, President Ali Saleh, who was re-elected recently as president, described the setting up of the National Charter by democratic process as a greatfurther strengthens our external relations with friendly countries."

Following is the full interview:

Q: In the light of your unanimous acclamation by the People's Assembly for a second prehlight your past achievements and your future priorities for the next term?

A: It is not for me to talk about achievements during the period of my g :ernment. As I declared to the people, history will record these achievements and the people will bear witness to them.

The setting up of the National Charter by democratic process and through the will of the Yemeni people and their adherence to their faith and the principles of their revolution is a major achievement. It guarantees internally, continuity of progress in a new Yemeni way of life and promotes and strengthens our external relations with friendly countries in the context of the National Cha-

priority will be to work and utilise all efforts to translate the National during the past five years. We Charter into deeds through collective action, to create a just and democratic Islamic society that arrive at a unified stance within will keep pace with the present world. No society is worth any- achievement. National unity has thing today that does not stride materialised in the framework you-

and profits from man's scientific achievements.

We shall try to depend on our-selves to explore and develop our natural resources for its utilisation in the progress of our society and state, especially in view of the fact that our economic resources are limited and necessitates taking these steps.

Q: Relations with South Yemen have improved since your meeting with President Ali Nasser Mohammad. How far the unity talks have gone to realise their obj-

A: There is no doubt that relations between the two Yemens achievement. "The charter gua- are continuing to improve. This is rantees continued progress and mainly due to the numerous dialogues and meetings between officials of the two parts. This has led to cooperation and coordination in the political, economic, commercial and cultural fields. In this context various joint organisations and economic units have been set up. Trade coosidential period, could you hig- peration between both parts is obvious. Without doubt no unity can be achieved in light of different political set-ups. We, therefore, continue unity dialogue aimed at agreeing on a system laying down the form of government in a united state.

> In this connection the Joint Constitutional Committee has proposed a constitutional plan for unity which will be discussed at the forthcoming round of the Yemeni Council. It will then be presented to the People's Assembly in both parts for discussion and finally put forward to the people for a con-

> O: What has happened to those who were fighting the government and have now returned back? A: The government has declared a national amnesty to all

In the coming period, our top those who took wrong actions against the state and the revolution have opened channels of discussions with all groups so as to the context of the National Cha-

with modern day developments see today, namely the popular institutions foremost among which is the Constituent People's Assembly and the General People's Congress. Those who returned to live under the banner of the Revolution in their beloved homeland were granted all the facilities and opportunities to play their role and shoutder their responsibilities, each according to his ability, speciality and experience. However, they have to abide by the National Charter, because believing in the latter and working for its achievement is the criterion for national allegiance and an evi-

dence of genuine citizenship. Q: How is the national economy? Is it true that the southern regions are suffering from recession and the average standard of living has gone down as compared to the 1970s?

A: It seems that this question has been based on wrong facts. and especially as we perceive that the economic recession is a worldwide phenomenon which has also affected producer countries and others beside them.

You might be aware of the con-

ditions our country has passed through and especially the recent earthquake disaster which caused heavy economic losses beside a large number of deaths and destruction of property and agricultural resources. These losses run over \$1,000 million. These are huge losses to our national economy. We are doing our utmost to overcome the effect of this disaster through our own resources. the support and assistance of brotherly countries, other friendly countries and Arab and international organisations. Our economic institutions have not observed any dip in the standard of living and we thank God that the conditions of our people are by far better than they were in the

Q: Are there any Arab and foreign investments in Yemen? Does the investment law incorporate benefits and guarantees to the investors and has the economic day scientific and technological rter. We thank God for this great conference held here come up with positive results so far?

A: We have investment laws



President Ali Abdullah Saleh

that allow all Arab and foreign capitalists the right to mvest m Yemen and offers investment incentives and guarantees. As for the economic conference held last year, it was aimed at discussion of the Second Five Year Plan. The conference achieved positive results which helped us evolve the final shape of the Second Five Year Plan with regard to the pro-

jects, goals and strategies.

Q: A delegation from the GCC recently visited the country. What was the purpose of the visit and in what way was it to promote cooperation between Yemen and the

A: As was obvious, the visit of the GCC team aimed at observing conditions in our country esp-ecially after the earthquake disaster and the wide-spread destruction, and to pinpoint its role in assisting us to overcome the effects of this great calamity.

Without doubt there is a continued dialogue between us and the GCC countries to strengthen and develop further coordination.

Q: You have pardoned a group of detainces. Does that mean that there are still other detainees and. if so, do you intend to pardon them?

A: We do not bave the type of detainees that you describe. We have freed all last week and granted amnesty to others so that they can return and serve the country within the framework of the National Charter and the goals of the Revolution. National responsibility is not the monopoly of anyone in the country.

Q: Yemen is famous for its sys-tem called "Cooperation" which you personally advocated. What kind of a system is it, how does it work, and is it possible for other developing countries to adopt it? A: The Cooperation exp-

eriment in our country is a unique

Yemeni experiment. Many a developing country could benefit from it as a human experiment aiming at general welfare and social and economic change. The Yemeni cooperation experiment rests on a popular and democratic basis and its success depends on the Yemeni people's personal initiatives. For instance, the inhof villages have the right to form a help solve the problem. general assembly amongst the-mselves and elect a governing body to rurn the cooperative. The latter's role is to look after their interests and provide certain services, such as the building of a road, the establishment of schools and water and electricity projects and the like. Besides what the country's nationals themselves provide, the state subsidises the cooperative three-fold and ensures the Zakat (Islamic taxes). Cooperatives also participate, through the government, in numerous projects and, through the General Federation of National Cooperative bodies. The federation is the supreme cooperative leadership, as its members are elected from among the members of the national cooperative bodies in all regions of the republic by free

Q: Qat usually takes a large slice of people's revenues. Since you admit that it is a nuisance that should be avoided, what have you done to fight it? Do you plan, at least, in the long run, to uproot the siders any separate peace connarcotic plant and substitute it by something else?

democratic election and secret

ballot.

A: The habit of taking Qut can-not be overcome simply by issuing decrees of whatever kind, It dates back to time immemorial in habit, a more evil one, that pla- Arab World to adopt a common gues the people of both the developing countries and the adv- hatched by Zionism and its allies.

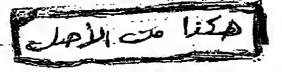
anced ones. Thank God, our people are clean from evil habits. However, as far as Qat is concerned, a series of practical steps bave been taken in the agricultural field. For example, farmers are encouraged by the government to plant other crops that might prove more useful to them and their country. The state grants them facilities through the Agriculture Ministry and the Cooperative Agricultural Credit Bank. And it should be pointed out that the state does not encourage Qut. More important still, the evolution of the society, the expansion of social relations and the existence of diverse social and culabitants of a village or of a number tural activities will automatically

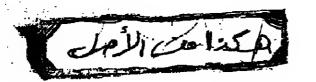
Q: What is your attitude towards the agreement between Lebanon and Israel? A: Our viewpoint was reflected

in a cabinet statement on the sub-

ject. Yemen condemns the Israeli

military occupation of Lebanese territory and calls for the immediate and unconditional withdrawal of the invading Israeli forces. It supports the struggle of the Lebanese people against Israeli occupation and is keen on preserving the integrity, Arabism and complete sovereignty of Lebanon over its territories. Yemen urges all Arab states to close their ranks in facing the situation obtaining from the continuing occupation and to help Lebanon face the attempts of blackmailing it under the occupation. It regards the Palestinian issue as the Arabs' prime cause and supports the Palestinian people's right to set up their independent homeland on their national soil under the leadership of their sole, legitimate representative the Palestine Liberation Organisation. Yemen concluded by any Arab state with the Zionist enemy or any agreement that jeopardises the security of any Arab state as a violation of the treaties, charters and resolutions unanimously adopted by the Arab Yemen. Anyway, there is a similar states. It is imperative now for the





# Recession, drought take their toll in Zimbabwe

By Tony Hawkins

HARARE: Zimbabwe's economy is expected to contract by three per cent in real terms this year, in sharp contrast to the prolific growth in gross national product of 15.4 per cent in 1980 and 13 per cent in 1981.

The reversal began last year. when growth was estimated at three per cent. and came in response to the world recession and the start of a severe droughl. But the need to deflate the economy in line with IMF prescriptions is reinforcing the trend, and is likely to prove unpopular.

Under the IMF package, Zimhabwe obtained SDR356.1 million (\$387 million) in the form of a SDR300 million standby facility to be drawn down over the next 1 H months and a SDR56.1 million loan available immediately under the compensatory financing pro-

But the precise terms have not been disclosed, and one apparent reason for this is the Harare government's underslandable reluctance lo publicise orthodox monetary and fiscal measures

which would offend radicals in the

ruling Zanu-PF Party opposed to

IMF membership.

The package is believed to contain the usual IMF formula of a reduced budgel deficit, a slowdown in credit expansion, no reduction in interest rates, curbs on short-term hank borrowing abroad, exchange rate "flexibility" and what are termed "appropriate" price and wage pol-

Some of these adjustments have already taken place. The Zimbahwe dollar was devaluted by 20 per cent last December and has since fallen further against major

Interest rates were effectively doubled during 1981, but with the escalation of inflation the longterm rate is substantially negative. There bas been no general wage increase for 18 months but swingeing tax increases have been imposed, designed to check the growth in the budget deficit.

It is one of the ironies of the present economic situation in Zimbahwe that a socialist government -- committed to establishing a "truly Marxist-Leninist society," as Mr. Robert Mugabe, the prime minister, has put it --- has opted for fiscal and monelary rectilude.

Other major adjustments have still to be made or endured. The full impact of the 50 per cent cut in industrial import quotas between October 1981 and March this year has still to be felt. It started to world currencies. depreciating a materialise last year when manfurther 6.5 per cent against the ufacturing output declined by

some 2.4 per cent, the first such fall since 1978. Industrialists predict a further decline this year. pointing out that there can be no sustained recovery until quotas is coming under increasing preare increased.

grasp the fiscal nettle. Official figures show that in the six months to December the budget deficit of \$250 million was 34 per cent above the forecast deficit for the

Less public spending

Although taxes were raised in February, even larger expenditure increases were announced at the same time. This means that in the July budget. Dr. Bernard Chidzero, the Finance Minister, may be forced to announce major reductions in public spending. The .This year, output values will rise at

well be further tax measures too. On top of this, the government

ssure for a general increase in wages. The last pay award was at The government has still to the beginning of last year. Since then, prices have risen by more than 15 per cent for higher income groups and 22 per cent for the lower paid.

Mr. Mugabe has promised a pay full fiscal year to June 1983. review in mid-year, but it is thought that the IMF package limits pay increases to no more than 10 or 12 per cent. With the inflation rate likely to accelerate during 1983 to a minimum of 18 per cent. a significant decline in real wages seems mevitable.

> The international recession caused mining production to fall in value for the second successive year in 1982 and output volumes were at their lowest for 12 years.

least 25 per cent, Ihanks to dev-aluation and firmer prices in world markets. But this is one of very few bright spots.

Agricultural production will be sharply lower, reflecting whal some farmers describe as the worst drought in living memory. Maize deliveries will be down to a forecast 600,000 tonnes, from a peak of more than two million tonnes in 1981. Wheat output will be less than half national consumption, put at 250,000 tonnes.

Fortunately. Zimbabwe began the year with a maize stockpile of 1.5 million tonnes and this should see the country through until the 1984 maize harvest. But largescale wheat and oilseed imports will be necessary, adding a further hurden to the balance of pay-

There is disappointment with the poor prices being paid for Zimbabwe's main export. fluecured tobacco. With nearly 10 per

price is 12 per cent lower than last year in Zimhabwe dollar terms and down more than one-third in foreign currency terms. Tobacco brought in \$250 million of foreign exchange in 1982, but may earn' no more than \$220 million this

The current account last year ran a deficit of more than \$516. million, of which an estimated <148 million was on trade ace-</p> ount. The deficit was funded from substantial foreign borrowings. In 1983, there are hopes that the world recovery, devaluation and import curbs will among them eliminate the trade deficit, paving the way for higher import allocations and an upturn in manufacturing next year.

A major post-independence disappointment has been Zimbabwe's failure to attract the private foreign investment which

many observers believed would cent of the 1983 crop sold, the flood into the country once the ilecolonisation process was over. In the 212 years to mid-1982, there was actually a small net outflow of private long term capital.

> Whether private investors will take heart from the Harare government's new-found fiscal and monetary conservatism remains to be seen. The portents are not good. The campaign by opposition dissilents in Maiabeleland and the government's response to it has attracted adverse publicity internationally.

> Frequent public statements by government ministers predicting the "destruction of capitalism" in Zimbabwe and promising state participation in major strategic companies seems likely to deterforeign as well as domestic inv-

> > -- Financial Times news feature

# Freddie Laker still dreams of his own airline

By Kevio Cooney Rewer

NEW YORK - Sir Freddie Laker. Mr. Cheap Air Travel to millions of people on both sides of the Atlantic, says he is missing only one thing to be hack in the airline business.

"I have an airline on paper, I have an airline in the computer. All I need is an airplane," he said in an interview with Reuters.

Coming from anyone else whose first venture into the airline business resulted in one of the biggest corporate crashes in British history, the idea might seem out-

pioneered inexpensive intcreontinental travel with his Transatlantic Skytrain Service and who was knighted by Queen Elizabeth in 1978 for his services to aviation and Britain. "I'm hack," declares Sir Fre-

60-year-old former teaboy who

ddie in a series of radio commercials being broadeast in the United States for a charter service that will carry people between Europe and the United States this summer for about \$400 return.

The operation is a far cry from when Laker Airways used 20 jets to ferry over two million people

across the Atlantic, Sir Freddie's return to the U.S. anding an estimated 17,000 tra-

market follows his formation last November of a new company. Skytrain Holidays, with the hacking of millionaire friend Ronald "Tiny" Rowland, chief of the mul-

tinational conglomerate Lonrho. Skytrain Holidays has been offering British holidaymakers package tours to the Mediterranean since early this year. Sir Freddie's return to the travel

world so soon after the collapse of Laker Airways in February, 1982 sparked criticism in Britain and his new company has been denied membership of the British Travel Agents' Association.

Laker Airways collapsed with dehis of over \$400 million. str-

vellers abroad, and that event still dominates the life of the man many still regard as a people's

The liquidators of Laker Airways are suing six Transatlantic air carriers. British Airways. British Caledonian, Pan American. Trans World Airways, Swissair and Lufthansa, for \$1.7 hillion saying that they conspired to drive Sir Freddie out of husiness by undercutting his fares.

Sir Freddie emphasised that he was not a direct party to the suit. But he obviously relishes his fortheoming role as a principal witness when the case is heard in a U.S. federal court.

"I think the general public will

be fascinated by the case." he said.

"It's a real fairy story". Should the lawsuit prove successful. Sir Freddic stands to make a great deal of money, but he said that this was not his primary interest in the case.

· My number one concern is not the money." he said. "My main concern is more that the truth of the story will be told, in an impartial way, before an impartial coun.

'I believe in the case, I think that it will be a success," he added, Sir Freildie said he believed that if the litigation was successful it would benefit the newlyinaugurated People Express ser-

vice between New York and Lon-

don, which is charging \$149 one monopoly laws, "will protect Peo-

"I am sure it will be a success." he said, "and prove once again that there is a market out there, in the thousands, for inexpensive air

Sir Freddie said he was "absolutely thrilled and delighted," that another airline was taking on the major carriers, "Ironically, I believe they will be successful

because of me".

He added that with the Laker Airways case pending, the major airlines would be very reluctant to interfere with People Express and

felt that the suit, which is being

brought under U.S. anti-

ple Express". In addition to the action by

Laker Airways' liquidators, the U.S. Justice Department is investigating the case and may bring criminal charges against the major

> Pending the court's ruling. Sir Freddie said he was content to run his charter flights and package hol-

But he ailmitted the idea of having his own airline once again was always on his mind.

Asked if a new airline would take the form of Skytrain, he replied: "Oh. it was a lovely service,



Freddie Laker

## Spacelab hangs on a few tiny thrusters That is why it is so important

By Walter Bagley Reuter

NEW YORK — One of Western Europe's most ambitious space efforts, the billion-dollar Spacelab orbiting laboratory, depends on half a dozen tiny thrusters which are trying to nudge an errant communications satellite to its proper altitude.

If the tracking and data relay. satellite cannol be put in the right orbit, the scheduled September flight of Spacelah aboard the space shuttle Challenger will have 10 be postponed.

The satellile, which fell short of the right orbit after its launch during Challenger's last flight in April, is needed to relay to earth the enormous volume of information that will be collected by. seven scientists during a week in orbit.

U.S. and European space officials say it would be fruitless to proceed with the mission in September if the satellite is not in position to relay the data hack to

That is why American technicians have begun the extremely slow and painstaking procedure of

earth.

attitude-control thrusters to try to

using one-pound thrusters to try to move a 5,000-pound mass, Gene Guerny, spokesman for the Goddard Space Flight Centre near Washington, told Reuters,

were confident the tiny thrusters the satellite into a higher orbit but it would take a long time.

satellite pointing in the prper direction, were never intended for long-duration "burns" of the kind needed to get the satellite in higher orbil.

fired for long periods and when shut down.

six thrusters exceeded the pre-set maximum temperature of 247 degrees Fahrenheit (120 Celsius). But earlier firings did not cause

'You have to remember, we are

were capable of slowly nudging

thrusters, designed to keep the

ded to overheat when they were this bappens they automatically

minutes each because one of the

The main problem is that the

using the satellite's small The next attempt would be another two-hour burn and if that went well it might be extended for

U.S. officials believe that ano-

ther dozen or so extended thruster

firings will put the satellite into the

right orbit, which will keep it con-

stantly positioned over the equ-

ator just north of Brazil's eastern

In that position, the satellite will

be in geosynchronous orbit - sta-

tionary in relation to earth --

making it casier for its users to

Originally, two identical sat-

ellites were to have been placed in

geosynchronous orbits over the

Atlantic and Pacific, but the lau-

nch of the second was postponed

until next year because of the pro-

can go ahead with the September

mission with only one satellite, but

Spacelab officials have said they

blems with this one.

kilometres).

The satellite, which must be in a circular orbit 22,300 miles (35,890 kilometres) above the earth to serve Spacelab, is now in an elliptical orbit which varies in altitude between 22,050 and 17,374 miles (35,485 and 27,960 Guerny said space engineers

Guerny said the thrusters ten-

Two firings on Wednesday, for example, lasted only about nine

overbeating and they lasted as long as three bours. Guerny said. it must be in the right position.

usters continue to perform well in their new role. And their ability to adapt to this unanticipated role was really a

that the satellite's guidance thr-

stroke of good fortune. Because American space officials made a last-minute change in plan, the satellite was carrying more than 1.000 lb (455 kil-ogramme) of extra fuel when it was launched. Without that extra fuel the satellite could never life

itself to the right orbit. The satellite was designed with a large fuel capacity as it was expected to be used hy many commercial customers, who would want it to point itself repeatedly in differni directions.

But U.S. space officials decided they wanted to use the satellite, the most powerful ever built, exclusively for their own purposes, so they cancelled the planned use hy other spacecraft owners. That decision was made well

after the satellite was under construction, so the huilders went ahead and finished the package as originally designed. When it was launched, the extra

fuel was carried onboard merely

By Paul Majendie

OTTAWA - Almost half the Starfighters built in Canada have crashed but Defence Minister Gilles Lamontagne insists the warplanes have a good safety record

and will not be grounded.
The F-104's crash acord has often made headlines; and it came in for sharp criticism here after a Canadian Air Force combat plane crashed at a Frankfurt air show last month, killing five people on

Defence officials sald 110 of Canada's Starfighters have now gium and Japan. crashed. One in three accidents

Defence Minister Lamontagne expressed regret for the Frankfuri accident but told parliament: "1 do not think this is any reason to stop the 104 from flying, because (West) Germany and several

other countries fly it too." To howls of derislon from the opposition benches, he said the Starfighter, which has been dubbed "the Widowmaker." had a

very good safety record. But its days with the Canadian Air Force are already numbered. The plane, designed in the 1960s.

is now gradually being replaced by the F-18 Hornet, which enthusiastic Canadian pilots say is

pure magic" in comparison. Canada has agreed to buy 14(t Hornets from the United States. About 1,500 Starfighters, designed by Lockheed of California, have been built in various cou-

Lockheed built 737 for the U.S. Air Force, which stopped using them at the beginning of the 1970s. Italy manufactured 413 under licence, the last in 1979. while others were built by West Germany, the Netherlands, Bel-

In West Germany, the Luftwaffe bas lost 215 Starfighters in crashes since the aircraft came into service in 1961. Over 100 pilots have been killed and there are now plans to replace the Starfighter gradually with the European-produced Tornado.

Some West German pilots said the Starfighler was a very complex plane to fly. Former Luftwaffe Chief Johannes Steinhoff commented: "It is a marvel in capable hands, but merciless to the car-

His view was echoed by Canadian Colonel Herb Sievert, who

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21/33

Canada defends Starfighter despite crashes

fly it to its limits." He agreed with the West Germans that birds flying into the plane's single engine caused a large number of accidents.

"A lot of crashes due to human low level," he added. . ':1' "It's the environment that is

the plane was originally designed as a "get-up-fast fighler for shooting down high-level Soviet plames."
When it came to performance. he said that the Starfighter "is the most stable and solid performer l

ntom. But the Starfighter and the new Hornet are worlds apart when it

comes to flying, he said. "You cannot compare the two. It's a quantum leap in technology. It's the easiest plane our pilots have ever learned to fly. The sys-

Six-18 Hornets have already gone into service with the Canadian Air Force and he said their

said: "It takes a lot of practice to ranges proved to be extremely

This summer the Starfighters are to be taken out of service at the Cold Lake Air Base in Alberia. which is also expected to be the test site next winter for the U.S. cruise missile, which the Pentagon is keen to try out over Canada's

Starfighters, first built under licence hy Canadair back in the 196ts, have been sold to Norway and Denmark. have flown at low levels. It doesn't

> having a combat range that fell short of expectations. This prompted calls in the Oit-

But Defence Minister Lamontagne said the plane Canada is buying has a range that is sufficient for flights both at home and

# TV & RADIO

# JORDAN TELEVISION

	Cartoon
16:15	Great Men in Histor
16:30	Local Programm
17:25	Local Programm
	Religious Programm
18:45	Magreb Prayer
	Religious Programm
19:78	Arabic Serie
20:00	News in Arabi
29:30	Local Programm
20:45	Mohammad, the Prophet of Go
21:35	Local Programm
	Television Magazin

..... News in Arabic

, Arabic Series

News Bulletin

### FOREIGN CRANNEL

-		
	18:00	French Programme
	19:00	News in French
	19-30	News in Hebrew
	17-77	Contraction of the last of the
	20:30	Comedy
	21:10	Documentary
	22:00	News in English
		Ciarra Ciarra
	22:15	Simon and Simon
		RADIO JORDAN
		KADIO JOKDAN
	255	KHZ AM & 99 MHZ, FM
	તઃ	partly on 9360 KHz, SW
	A7:00	Morning Show

### 10:00 10:05 12:00 News Summary Morning Show News Summary Pop Session 13-08 .... Pop Session News Bulletin 15:00 14:10 .. Now Music 14:3 16:00 16:05 News Summary ials, Old Favourite Talking Points, Pop Session Nows Summary

Over a Cup of Tea, Arabian

Date with a 5ter

Evening Show

News So

18:05 Musi

19:00 19:30 20:00 21:00

BBC WORLD SERVICE

BBC WORLD SERVICE
0.30, 7.20, 1413 KHz
06:00 Newsdesk 66:30 Waveguide 06:40
Book Choice 06:45 Financial News
06:55 Reflections 07:00 World News
07:59 24 Hours News Summary 07:30
Derby Preview 07:45 The World Today
08:00 Newsdesk 08:30 Oiversions 09:00
World News 09:09 24 Hours News
Summary 09:30 The Brotherbood of
Brass 99:45 Report on Religion 10:09
Reflections 10:15 The Golden Age of
Opertia 10:30 Two Cheers for June Opertia 10:30 Two Cheers for June 11:00 World News 11:09 British Press Review H:15 The World Today 11:30 Financial News 11:40 Look Ahead 11:45 The Instruments of Jazz 12:00 Men and a Girl 12:15 Short Story 12:30 Men and a Girl 12:15 Short Story 12:38
Derby Review 13:60 Windd News 13:69 News about Britain 13:15 Listening Post
13:30 Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsreel
14:15 Nature Notebook 14:25 The Farming Windd 14:45 Sports Round-up
15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours News
Summary 15:30 Verdi and His World
16:15 This Sporting Summer 16:25 The
Derby 16:36 The Derby 17:00 Radio
Newsreel 17:50 Racing 18:00 World
News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Diversions 18:45 The World Today 19:00
World News 19:09 Listening Post 19:25 World News 19:09 Listening Post 19:25 New Ideas 19:35 Waveguide 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News; News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newreel 20-30 Top Twenty 21:00 International Soccer Special 21:39 Stock Market Report 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:30 Assignment 23:00 Network UK 23:15 Sto-

Today 90-25 Book Choice; Financial News 90-40 Reflections 00:45 Sports Round-up 91:00 World News; Com-mentary 01:15 Marital Rites 01:30 Top VOICE OF AMERICA 1260, 5965, 7200, 15205, 11725 KHz 05:00 The Breakfast Show: News. Informal Presentation of Popular Music with Feature Reports, Interviews, Answers to Listener's Questions, Science Digest. News Summary at 30 minutes past the hour. 17:00 News 17:10 Magazine Show 17:30 Special English News and Features 18:00 News 18:10 New-sline 18:30 New Music USA 19:00 News 19:10 Magazine Show 19:30 Special English News and Features 20:00 News 20:10 Newsline 20:30 Now Music USA 21:00 Newsline 21:30 Dateline/Focus 22:60 News and Editorial 22:15 Music USA Jazz 23:00 VOA World Report

ries by Chekhov 23:30 Jazz for the Asking 24:60 World News 24:69 The World

## **TODAY'S EVENTS**

FILM

"MASH," at the American Centre al EXHIBITION

CHURCHES St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabai Amman, tel. 24590.
Church of the Annunciation (Roman
Catholic) Jabai Luweibdeh, 37440.
De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic)
Jabai Hussein, 661757.
Church of the Annunciation (Greek
Orthodox) Abdali, 23541.
Anglican Church (Church of the Redcemer) Jabai Amman, 43453.

n Orthodox Charch Ashrafich, St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Ashrafieh, 71751.

Voternational Church (Interdenominational): meets at Southern Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249.

### CULTURAL CENTRES

	Royal Cultural Centre . Tel. 661026/7
	American Centre 41520
	British Council
	French Cultural Centre 37009
	Goethe Institute 41993
	Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
	Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
	Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
	Haya Arts Centre 665195
	Hussein Youth City 667121
•	Y.W.C.A
	Y.W.M.A. 664251
	Arman Municipal Library 36111
	Amman Municipal Library 3611t

### WHAT'S GOING ON

reasone muchus: Jeweny and cos-tumes over 100 years old. Also measies from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th canturies). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Dpening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760. acellent collection of the antiquities of orden. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill).

Opening hours: 9,00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and afficial holidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays.

Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes. weapons, musical instruments, etc.

SERVICE CLUBS

nan. 43453.

an Catholic Church Ashrafich,

COLIORAL CEATRES
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British Council
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Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667121
Y.W.C.A
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Amman Municipal Library 3611t

### MUSEUMS

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and scu-lpture by contemporary Islamic arrists from most of the Muslim countries and afrom most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Ltweibdah. Dpening hours: 10.00 a.m. 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128. Milkary Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m. - 4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to

## lar Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

Lious Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club, Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Moetings every Wednesday et the Holiday lina, Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Jebal Amman, Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

# PRAYER TIMES

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- 45	, Insak
2:51	Foir
247	Fajr
4:28	(Sunrise) Shuruq
:36	Dhuhr
:17	AT A
1:45	Maghreb
12Ġ	Married Harrison and Married Hotel Street Victor

FOR THE TRAVELLER

20:15 20:30 20:30 20:55

...MMAN AIRPORT This information is supplied by Alia information department at the Queen Alia International Airport tel. (08) 53250, where it should always be verified.

89:30

11:60

11:36

11:50

12:30

09:15 Abu Dahbi (RJ) 09:30 Dubai [RJ) 09:40 Dhahran (RJ)	MONEY EXCHANG	E
99:45	Local sell/buy rates	in fils
10:15 Beirut (RJ)	Belgian franc	71.4
11:00 Laroaca (CY)	Outch guilder 126.7/	127.5
13:25 Cairo (EA)	Egyptian guinea	336.2
L3:40 Kuwait (KAC)	French franc 47.3/	47.5
15:20 Jeddah (Saudia)	Iraqi dinar 463.1/	47 L.A
16:15 Cairo (RJ)	Italian lire (for 100) 23.9/	24.1
16:30 Bangkok (RJ)	Japanese yeo (for 100) 149.5/	150.4
16:30 Madrid (RJ)	Kuwaiti dinar 1235.2/ 1	239.7
16:30 Cairo (RJ)	Lebanese lira 84.1/	85.1
17:15 New York, Vienna (RJ)	Omani riyal 1042.2/	t050
18:00 Copenhagen. Athens (RI)	Qatari riyal 99.2/	99.9
19:05 Carro (EA)	Saudi riyal 104.8/	105.2
19:25 Frankfurt (LH)	Swedish crown	47.7
20:1S Beirui (MEA)	Swiss franc 170.5/	171.5
20:26 Athens (Dlympic)	Syrian lira	63.9
20:55 Zurich, Geneva, Athens (SA)	UAE dirham	99
60:25 Cairo (EA)	U.K. Sterling pound 560.5/	563.9
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Karachi (PIA)

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Cairo (EA)

DEPARTURES .. Cairo (RJ)

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Beirut (MEA)	will be below
Rome (Alitalia)	northwesterly t
	times. In Aqaba
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Vienna, New York (RJ)	
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London (RJ)	Jordan Valley .
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## WEATHER

rthy cloudy. Temper average. Winds will be moderate freshening at a, winds will be northerly

... Kuwait (KAC) ... Jeddah (Saudia) Yesterdey's high temperatures: Amman 25, Aqaba 34, Humidity rea-dings: Amman 63 per cent, Aqaba 25

# error are because we are flying at

causing the high number of crashes." Sievert said, nothing that

jump and shudder like the Pha-

tems on board make it magic." he

The three Canadian squadnons in West Germany will be equipped with Harnets by the middle of 1986. Col. Sieven said. More than 40 of the Canadian

On the F-18 Hornet fighter bomber, the U.S. Navy expressed concern last year about the plane

awa parliament for Canada to

cancel its contract. One opposition member called the Hornet "a high-technology lemon."

Al Arabiveh Al Kubrah pharmacy

Jabal Al Jawlah pharmacy ...... 77444

Dr. Romel Jarar ..... (A) Sukhnah St.)

Ugrversity taxi .....

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# initial performance on bombing

# USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

Ambulance		
Blood bank		
Civil Defence rescue 661111		
Fire headquarters 22090-3		
Police rescue 192, 21111, 37777		
Police headquarters		
Traffic police 56390-1		
Electric Power Co 363S1-2		
Municipal water service 71125-8		
Queen Alia Int Airport _ [08] 53333		
HOSPITALS		
Hussein Medical Centre \$13813-32		
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 4428 [-4		
Akleh Maternity, J. Amman 42441		
Inhal A Motornity 47367		

EMERGENCIES

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**NIGHT DUTY** 

Dr. Sa'id Mohammad Sa'd (Al Wah-

Jabal Amman Maternity ...... 42362

Malhas, J. Amman ...

AMMAN:

Dr. Mohammad Sa'id Al Ta'ani 3711 **GENERAL** Jordan and Maidle East calls 

# **MARKET PRICES**

Uppertlower price in fils per kg.	Grapes 1000 / 800
pple (American) 500 / 450	Grape leaves , 300 / 250
pple (Double Red) 200 / 150	Lemon 360 / 300
ppie (Golden) 200 / 150	' aquota 500 / 400
pple (French) 500 / 450	чтоw (large) 180 / 150
ppie (Starken) 200 / 150	Tow (small) 260 / 200
anana 270 / 220	-allow 130 / tu0
anana (Mukammar) 230 / 200	Opion (dry) 120 / 90
eans	Onion (green) 220 / 180
eans (broad)	Okra 650/ 550
abbage t60 / 120	Oranges 220 / 150
terrot	Peaches 650 / 550
anliflower (white) t50 / t00	Peas 300 / 250
herries 800 / 600	Pears 600 / 400
ocontst 300 / 250	Pepper (Sweet)
ucumber (large) 200 / 150	Pepper (Hot Green) 600 / 500
ncumber (small) 350 / 300	Potatoes 250 / 200
ggplant (large) 160 / 130	Radish 150 / t20
geplant (small) 220 / 160	Spinach 200 / 160
ikkous 200 / 150	Tomaloes
artic 4807/ 400	Turnip 180 / 150
rapefruit	Watermelon 150 / 100

Wimbledon begins next Monday

# Connors launches title defence with easy first round clash

LONDON (R) — Defending champion and top seed Jimmy Connors will meet fellow-American Eddie Edwards next Monday when he begins his defence of the Wimbledon title he took from compatriot John McEnroe last year.

It should be an easy start for the 30-year-old American champion. who tuned up for his defence by beating McEnroe for the third successive time in grass last Sunday, winning the London Grass Court final 6-3, 6-3,

Edwards is ranked a lnwly 109th on the player's computer. McEnroe, meanwhile, has a tougher first hurdle in compatriot Ben Testerman, who farced him

to five sets over 41/4 hours in the first round of the French Championships in Paris last month. Fourth-seeded Guillermo Vilas of Argentina, who is due to begin a. year's suspension after Wimbledon for allegedly accepting appearance money to play a tournamen, in Rotterdam early this year, is Connors' projected sem-

ifinal opponent. But Vilas is unlikely to reach the last four. He begins against powerful Nigerian Nduka Odizor and if he wins should get to the last 16, where big-serving American Steve Denton is due to meet him, Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia,

ranked third in the world and seeded third for Wimbledon despite a lack of achievement on grass--he skipped Wimbledon last year--meets a qualifier in his first

Lendl is seeded to meet McEnroe in the semifinals but he, too. has tough obstacles in his way. His second round should be against American Stan Smith, the 1972 champion and still a fine grass court player at the age of 36.

If Lendl survives that, he should reach a fourth-round clash against 15th-seeded American Hank Pfisier, another big-serving grass court exponent. But Pfister will have to overcome fast-rising Australian teenager Pat Cash in the

third round to justify his seeding. Mats Wilander of Sweden, last year's French champion and the beaten finalist this year, is seeded fifth and takes on John Fitzgerald of Australia in what could be a troublesome first match. Wilander is in Lendl's quarter of the draw. Connor's first encounter with a seed should be against number 12 Kevin Curren of South Africa in the fourth round, while seventhseeded Jose-Luis Clerc of Argentina looms in the quarter-finals.

Connors may also get a chance to avenge his French quarter-final defeat by Christophe Roger-Vasselin in the third round.

Clerc. meanwhile. is in a tough section and has a projected clash in the fourth round against American 16th seed Tim Mayotte. a quarter-finalist and semifinalist

the last two years. McEnroe's first seeded opponent is forecast to be American Bill Scanlon. number 14. while compatriot Vitas Gerulaitis, seeded eighth, should be opposite him in the quarter-finals.

Gerulaitis, beaten in the first round of the French Open, has a murderous draw. against Indian Ram Krishnan in the first round and then either Vijay Amritraj of India or Australian Mark Edmondson in round two. Australian Paul McNamee should be waiting for him in the third round if he has survived that long.

Defending women's champion Martina Navratilova of the United States meets Beverley Mould of South Africa in the first round and should not encounter serious opposition until the fourth round against 16th-seeded Claudia Kohde of West Germany. In the last eight she should meet Hana Mandlikova of Czechoslovakia, seeded

American fourth seed Tracy Austin is seeded to face Navratilova in the last four,

But Austin, 20, will first have to avenge a quarter-final defeat in

# World Cricket Cup form settles to more predictable pattern

LONDON (R) — The one-day World Cricket Cup, which threw up its own "tales of the unexpected" in the opening series of matches. may not have such a complicated plot after all.

After the improbable defeats of the West Indies and Australia last week, the competition has apparently lost its ability to shock and results of the second and third series of group matches at the weekend and Monday were much as expected.

Even so there are some intriguing hattles ahead before the lineup for the semifinals in eight days' time is known. In Group 'A'. England, the only team with an unblemished record, look certain to qualify but far less abvious is whether New Zealand or Pakistan will go forward with them. Sri Lanka, without a win so far, are the fourth team in the group.

Similarly, in Group 'B'. West Indies, the bolders, will be hard to dislodge from a semifinal place now they appear to have shaken off the trauma of their first World Cup defeat. Surprisingly, though. India share the lead with them and Australia. in third place. still have

some catching ap to do. Zimbabwe, whose odds were slashed from 1,000-1 to 100-1 afte their stunning win over Australia last Thursday, complete Group 'B'.

Matches resume Wednesday

with England tackling New Zea-land at Edgbaston, Birmingham. and West Indies meeting India at the Oval in London, a match which provides the holders with an early opportunity to avenge their shock defeat last Friday.

Few people gave india a chance against the West Indies. After all, their only previous success in the competition was a victory over East Africa in 1975 and West Indies had never been beaten.

But Clive Lloyd, the West Indies captain, takes a positive view of his team's 34-run defeat by India. "We are running into form now and it is probably a good thing that we got our bad performance our of the way early in the competition." he said.

All is not entirely well with the West Indian team, though, with perhaps the greatest worry the form of their master batsman Vivian Richards. He bas had scores of 17. seven and 16 so far and it may well be that unless he can rediscover his best form the West Indies will have the World Cup prised from their grasp for the first time.

After the excitement of their win over the holders. India disposed comfortably of Zimbabwe Pakistan play Sri Lanka at Hea-

dashing contribution from Yas-

hpal Sharma, who made 89 in the first meeting with the West Indies. and hoping that Mohinder Amamath can summon up the form that made him his country's ontstanding batsman in the Caribbean earlier in the year when he scored 598 runs in five tests.

Since losing their opening match to England by 106 runs. New Zealand have had good wins over Pakistan and Sri Lanka and are looking forward to their return

meeting with the host country. Geoff Howarth, the New Zealand captain, believes it is very important that he wins the toss. "I'd lost six in a row before the Sri Lanka game and it's important that I win it this time so we can get first use of a good pitch and make a big total.

"Then we've got to find a way to contain David Gower and Allan Lamb.

Lamb scored a brilliant century against the New Zealanders last Thursday while Gower, a century maker against Sri Lanka on Saturday, has continued to demonstrate that be is something more than an outstanding prospect.

After Wednesday's matches. but then suffered a resounding 162-run defeat Monday at the hands of a revitalised Australia.

India will be looking for another dashing contribution from Yas-

## Zico sale threatens to open floodgates

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) - Brazil's number one footballer Zico left Monday night to visit his new Italian club Udinese as his four million dollar transfer threatened to start a drain of Brazilian soccer talent.

Local newspapers reported numerous inquiries from Italian clubs for top players including national captain Socrates and Junior. Zico's former team-mate with champions Flamengo.

A.C. Milan and Lazio were renorted interested in Socrates, who ranks second in Brazilian football only to Zico and is in Switzerland with the national side.

Lazio of Rome, newly promoted to the first division, were said to be seeking Junior, a move which has further demoralised

Flamengo. Italian champions Roma have also got their eye on Toninho Cerezo, a cultured midfielder with Atletico Mineiro, who has been out of action for several months with injury.

He would be a replacement for the brilliant Falcao who has failed to reach agreement on a new contract with Roma.

A.C. Milan and Lazio would probably be exempted from a ban on new signings of foreign players. announced last week by the Italian soccer federation, because of their recent promotion to the first div-

# Grand Prix planned for Paris

PARIS (R) — The high-pitched centage of Parisians desert the scream of Formula One racing capital, Many businesses close and cars could echo round the elegant the majority of people on the stravenue des Champs Elysees in the eets are tourists. French capital next year if plans to
stage a World Championship

Reaction to the idea was mixed.
Some Paris residents expressed Grand Prix are realised.

Jean-Pierre Jabouille. a member cend on their city. of the committee trying to gain approval for the race, said Tue- money-spinning Monaco Grand sday that plans were well adv- Prix held on the principality's stranced for the event, tentatively eets before thousands of speplanned for August 26 next year. ctators.

But a special dispensation from heard of the plans but no official the 1955 law banning racing in approach had been made. towns and cities is being sought. "It would have to come through n." Jabouille said Tuesday.

"The next step will be to hold meetings with local officials from the eighth arrondissement Iquarter) and the mayor of Paris. This will be to sort out technical problems.

"Then we will send the dossier to the International Motor Sport Automobile Federation (FISA) for approval. All this will be done in the coming two weeks. Personally I am very optimistic." the Frenchman said.

The race would be a formidable undertaking. Traffic in Paris is bad and chaos has ensued for drivers and pedestrians alike whenever the streets are closed for more tradinional sporting events, such as the Paris marathon or the final stage of the tour de France cycle

But a Formula One Grand Prix with at least two days needed for practice. plus major construction work to ensure safety for drivers and spectators, would be a dau-

August is the traditional French holiday month, when a large per-

outrage at the suggestion that the Former Grand Prix driver Formula One circus should des-

Those in favour cited the

"Nothing is official yet or exact. A FISA official said they had

and we are now assured we can get the French Federation of Automobile Sport, and we would then

"If all our safety standards and financial rules were met and we

would see no problem." he added. "In theory there would be nothing to stop it being accepted in the 1984 calendar if it were approved," he said.

Later Paul Violet. a senior official in charge of sporting events at Paris City Hall, confirmed that Mayor Jacques Chirac supported the idea of a Grand Prix provided there were adequate safety mea-

"I would stress that this event is being organised privately and by no means by the city of Paris. But I understand that it has a budget of 25 million francs (\$3.25 million). We have decided the circuit will include the avenue des Champs Elysees, the Place de la Concorde and the banks of the Seine.

We estimate that 200,000 to 300,000 spectators would watch were happy that it was being run by competent organisers, then 1 300.000 spectators would such a race. " he added.

# Brazil, Argentina favourites for World Youth Cup final

MEXICO CITY (R) - Soccer giants Brazil and Argentina look headed for the World Youth Cup final here but first they must dispose of South Korea and Poland in the semifinals Wednesday.

the French by Jo Durie of Britain.

who is seeded 13th for next week.

They should meet in the last 16

American Chris Evert Lloyd.

holder of the U.S. Open, Aus-

tralian and French crowns. faces

fellow-American Alycia Mnulton

in the first round. Her first seeded

opponent should be number 15

Kathy Rinaldi, another American.

six-time champion who is having a

fine run-up to Wimbledon, could

meet Llnyd in the quarter-finals if

she can overcome Australian

Wendy Turnbull, seeded three

Lloyd beat King in three sets in

Third-seeded American And-

rea Jaeger begins against a qua-

lifier and should face the Italian

Open Champion. Andrea Tem-

esvari of Hungary, in the fourth

round. Bettina Bunge of West Germany, a semifinalist last year

and seeded sixth now, should be

her quarter-final opponent.

the semifinals this year and has

never failed to reach the last four

positions above her at number

seven, a round earlier.

of a "grand slam" event.

Billie Jean King. 39-year-old

Neither match looks easy as South Korea, the surprise side of the 16-nation tournament, have beaten favoured Uruguay and Mexico while the Poles have seen off European Champions Sco-

But both South American squads display the kind of confidence which reflects their top ranking in the football world

"We are very happy with our play so far and we should be able to do even better tomorrow." Brazilian coach Jair Pereira said on the eve of his side's clash with South Korea in the northern city of Monterrey.

If his prediction is fulfilled then from the last World Youth Cup the Asians should have little chance following the dazzling per-formance by the Brazilians in beating Czechoslovakia 4-1 in the quarter-finals. But the South Koreans showed

their ability against much-fancied Uruguay and the young Brazilians, who like time and space to conjure up their magical brand of football, cannot relish facing such hard-running, hard-tackling

South Korean coach park Jon Moasyhile the Argentines. Wang disclosed little of his plans for the match though, ominously for Brazil, his team have concentrated their work-outs on sharpeoing their marking skills.

"Our marking is going to have. yed in the Aztec stadium.
to be very good." said Jon Wang Polish manager Mice South Korea will undoubtedly

when equally-unfancied Qatar knocked out England and reached

All the players of both sides are fit, and Pereira, with the precocious skills of players such as Geovani Silva and Mauricio Vilella to call on. is sure there will be no more shocks. "I'm confident there will be no

surprise tomorrow." he told reporters.q

recovering from their tough quarter-final clash with herlands, have arrived in the capital to face the Poles who carry the advantage of having already pla-

Polish manager Mieczyslaw who denied however that they Broniszewski took pains Monday would use a man-to-man system. to stress how exhausted his players were. "They are very tired and I'm face their toughest test Wednot at all happy with their tra-nesday though they can take heart ining." he said.

# Robson drops newcomers in England shake-up

BRISBANE (R) - England manager Bobby Robson has dro-pped three of his newcomers for Wednesday's second soccer international against Australia bere.

Defender Danny Thomas and midbelders Steve Williams and Mark Barham are all chopped from the side which laboured to a goalless draw in Sydney on Sunday. They make way for experienced Liverpool pair Phil Neal and Sammy Lee, and teenage Watford striker John Barnes. 'He lines up alongside Luton's

exciting striker Paul Walsh. but has dropped Barnes' club-mate Lutber Blissett in an attempt to boost his side's fir-

Only Queen's Park Rangers midfielder John Gregory-one of four new caps to start on Sunday--keeps his place.

World Cup striker Trevor Francis, who struggled to escape the Australians' tight marking on Sunday and rarely looked dangerous, will link up with Barnes and Walsh.

Robson put England through a tough training session at Lang Park Tuesday-the rugby league ground where the match will be played-but was furious afterwards when he learned Australian coach Frank Arok bad watched the proceedings from the

"His tactics are very unfair." Robson stormed. Arok denied he had spied on England and said: "They're wel-

come to attend our training or team talks anytime. We've got nothing to hide." Arok, criticised because his

team was too defensive on Sunday, has named an unchanged side for the match. The two sides meet again in Melbourne on Sunday.

"I could have made one or two changes, but I'm stubborn and the criticism isn't going to get to me." he said, adding that he would field five defenders again Wednesday if he thought he could win the ! match :

Arok singled out Paul Walsh who came on as substitute on Sunday, as the England danger man. "He's quick and very unp-redictable. We'll have to watch him closely." he sald.

### Visiting Germans beat national volleyball team

A VI VIAN (J.T.) — The visiting West German volleyball team, Johnsberg defeated the national Jordanian volleyball side 33-26 Vionday night at the Sports City's Palace of Sport.

The visiting German team arrived in Amman on Sunday and are due to play several matches against Jordanian teams. The team includes five members of the West German national volleyball squad.

# Connors to participate in South African tournament

JOHANNESBURG (R) - Ame- worth \$400,000 to the winner. rican Jimmy Connors, who will begin the defence of his Wimthe South African homeland of Bophuthatswana, it was announced here Tuesday.

Three other leading players. South African Kevin Curren and South African-born American Johan Kriek, will also compete in the round-robin tournament

Sol Kerzner, head of the Sun City Hotel and gambling complex. bledon singles title next week, has told a press conference \$300,000 signed to take part in a million would go to the runner-up. dollar tournament next month in \$200,000 to the third placed man "and only \$100,000 to the poor

fellow who comes last."

The tournament will be played from July 8-10, less than a week Ivan Lendl of Czechoslovakia. after the Wimbledon charapionships in which all four are

seeded in the top 12. Kerzner said American John McEnroe had been approached to take part. "We didn't get him-but I do believe he is now interested

haps next year," he said.

to play in South Africa, in the 1981 Open in Johannesburg, he withdrew only days before because he said death threats had been made against his family.

Kerzner made a previous attempt to stage a million-dollar toumament in 1980 when he offered half a million each to Bjorn Borg and McEnroe to play with an + \*1:2 \$150,000 to the winner. That fell through after pressure from groups opposed to South Africa's race policies caused the players to

Sun City has twice staged miland that he will visit Sun City, perlion dollar golf tournaments which it now runs on an annual basis.

# British, New Zealand rugby team to play in S.Africa

CAPE TOWN (R) - A combined New Zealand and British Lions rugby union side will play two matches in South Africa next montb. Western Province rugby President Jan Pickard said Tue-

sday.

He told a press conference the matches would be part of the Western Province rugby union's centenary celebrations.

The touring team of 21 players would consist of seven New Zealand All-Blacks and 14 from the English. Welsh. Scottish and Irish rughy unions, most of whom would have played in the current test series between the Lions and New Zealand. he said.

Pickard said the side would be led by current Lions manager Syd Millar and New Zealander Ivan Vodanovich who coached a previous All-Black side on a tour of South Africa. They would also be responsible for selecting the 21 players, he said.

"I was thrilled with the positive reaction I had from overseas and all four home unions agreed their players would be available." Pic-

A French rugby union tour here planned for later this month was recently cancelled because of opposition to South Africa's race policies.

### FOR RENT

Modern furnished flat consisting of one bedroom, living room, kitchen and bathroom. Centrally heated with tel-

Location: Jabal Amman, between 3rd and 4th Circle.

Tel: 41443

# APARTMENT FOR RENT

FURNISHED OR SEMI- FURNISHED

Consisting of 3 bedrooms, 2 salons, dining room, 3 bathrooms, wall to wall carpet; central heating, telephone; maid's room.

Location: Shmeisani near Commodore Hotel.

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**FURNISHED APARTMENT** 

A newly deluxe furnished apartment, comprises of two bedrooms, two baths, fully equipped kitchen, big satting from and a dining from.

Centrally heated and a private telephone, Location: Jordan University

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The applicant should have a minimum of three years secretarial experience, aged 25 or over, speak English as her native language, and expects to remain in Jordan for a minimum of two years.

between 8:30 - 2:30 p.m. All replies will be treated in the strictest confidence.

Jordan Data Systems Cn. Ltd., one of the main companies specialised in computers and telecommunications site preparation, is looking for engineers fulfilling specifically the following conditions:

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 University degree in electrical or electro-mechanical engineering awarded from Jordan. Lebanon. Europe, USA, or Canada. Less than 28 · 29 years of age.

2 - 3 years experience

- Flexibility to travel - Package of not less than 6000 JD/ year is offered Applicant should bring CV and fill out an application in the office

> Jabal Amman - 3rd Circle New Insurance Bldg. - 4th floor.

### FLAT FOR RENT FURNISHED OR NOT **FURNISHED** A separate flat consisting of: Three bedrooms, salon, sit-

ting room, dining room, two bathrooms, spacious kitchen, two balconies, centrally beated plus telephone. Wallto-wall carpeting.

Location: Shmeisani - near Jordan TOWER HOTEL Please tel: 662325

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HAS A VERY INTERESTING AND CHALLENGING

in its expanding marketing division for an executive sec-Candidates must have acquired at least 3 years experience in the required position. Be fluent in English and Arabic writing and speaking with good typing speed in both lan-

an asset.

many fringe benefits.

Candidates should bring their credentials and photo for the

ision is to be located.

# 866 Third Avenue New York, New York 10022 U.S.A. Att: R. J. Quinn

P. F. COLLIER, INC. A Subsidiary of Macmillan, Inc.

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One of Jordan's leading financial institutions is seeking an English speaking secretary with perhaps a little knowledge of the Arabic language to work for the Director of Marketing.

Please telephone:

Susan Nour on 668573/ 663160/ 663167

**OPENING** 

guages. Knowledge of taking shorthand dictation would be The company offers a highly competitive salary along with

Candidates are requested to phone No. 42113 - 42114 for an interview no later than Saturday June 18, 1983.

interview to be held in Amman where the marketing div-

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ANKARA (R) - The Turkish finance ministry Monday announced cuts in bank deposit interest rates and bank lending rates.

The interest rate on one year deposits was fixed at 40 per cent from the present 45 per cent, effective July 1, a Turkish central bank official said after a meeting of finance/ministry officials and leading Turkish banks.

They decided to maintain the 20 per cent interest rate for demand deposits, but lowered the rates by 5 percentage points for time

Lending rates would be cut by between four and 10 percentage points, the official added.

Meanwhile, a stand-by credit of \$150 million for Turkish construction firms working in the Middle East is nearing completion and will be subscribed by about 15 international banks, banking sources

The credit, co-arranged by the Union des Banques Arabes et Françaises (UBAF) and the International Finance Corporation (IFC), will be guaranteed by the Turkiye is Bankasi SA.

The stand-by eredit will be available to guarantee bid boods with validities of up to 12 months, advance payments of up to 36 months and performance bonds valid for as loog as 48 months, the sources

The banks will receive a fee of two per cent of the amount guaranteed. The credit will be available for an initial period, probably one year, which may be recewed, the sources said.

### LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities closed firmer, although most were below their opening highs which followed strong Wall Street gains overnight, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 4.6 at

725.9. after hitting a record 726.4 at 1000.

Tuesday's ½ point cut in U.K. clearing bank base rates had been fully discounted by the market, which retained its firm undertone although trade was quiet. Most leaders ended a penny or two higher, while U.S. interest pushed Glaxo 40p firmer to 975. Government bonds fell by as much as ½ point as sterling eased. Golds fell back with bullion, and U.S. shares were mixed.

The base rate cut had no impact on bonds as it was discounted by the market's strength Monday, dealers said.

Beecbam and Fisons each firmed 5p in sympathy with Glazo. Metal Box gained a further 15p at 240 after Monday's results. Brewer Arthur Guinness added 5p following increased interim profits. Firm oils bad Shell up 12p at 552, while banks ended little changed. Hanson Trust gained 3p at 206 on interims,

Sotheby ended a oet 10p lower at 575 after Monday's sharp gain. Newspapers remained firm on prospects of a flotation of Reuters, with United 10p firmer at 248 and Fleet up 11/2 at 90.

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

One Sterling One U.S. dollar 1/2348/51 235540/50 2.8630/40 2.1275/85 51.03/07 7.6920/30 1515.50/1516.50 242.75/85

7.6520/70 7.2600/50 9.1150/1200

One ownce of gold 411.75/412.25

1.5390/5400 U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

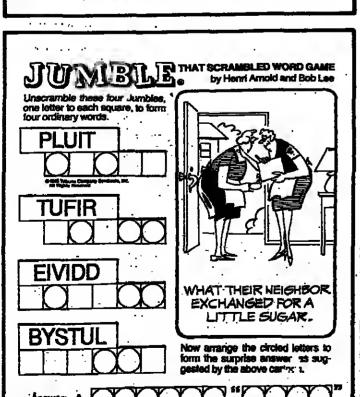
Norwegian crowns

Danish crowns

U.S. dollars



'I told the hoirdresser I wanted something to make me look younger."



Jumbles: POUCH TWEAK DIMITY ANGINA

Answer: What happened to his get-up-and-go?--IT GOT UP & WENT

# Recession in Italy deepens

ROME (R) - Italian industrial and get the economy moving. output for April fell to its lowest level for five years, showing the economy is plunging deeper into recession as leading competitors begin to recover, according to government figures released Tue-

The drop in output, affecting all sectors of industry, was the sbarpest one-month decline since 1975 when Italy's economy was still reeling from the after-effects of the first oil-price shock.

estment programme to create jobs erlying cootraction in the bome

But the dominant Christian Democratic Party has called for stern measures to cut inflation. currently running at 16 per cent, and to contain public spending.

April's industrial output was also 12.5 per cent down on April last year, the figures published by Istat, the government statistical office, show.

Economists at Istat said production was bit by strikes by some The figures looked certain to four million industrial workers influence elections here on June who are protesting against dea-26. The opposition Communists dlocked wage talks, although the bave called for a massive inv- figures also reflected an und-

U.K. major banks

cut interest rates

sterling but encouraging rises in the stock market.

exports out of internal markets, they added,

they competed for savers with the banks.

its present 10 per ceot when they meet next week.

LONDON (R) - Britain's major banks Tuesday cut their base

interest rate by half a perceotage point, pushing down the value of

The widely-expected cut from 10 to 91/2 per cent, effective Wed-

nesday, was seen by analysts as indicating that Prime Minister Mar-

garet Thatcher's new government was concerned to safeguard the

country's economic recovery.

The cut, encouraged by the Bank of England, also signalled that

new Chancellor of the Exchequer (Finance Minister) Nigel Lawson was keen to see an easing of the pound's value before it priced

The pound has risen sharply in recent weeks alongside the dollar, aided in part by attractive British interest levels.

But analysts doubted if the cut would be enough to stop building

societies from increasing the politically-sensitive mortgage rate from

Building societies, the main providers of home finance in Britain, had complained of a shortage of funds leading to mortgage queues as

The prospect of lower interest rates pushed the pound sharply

lower to \$1.5355 in early afternoon trading after closing at \$1.5515

It also lost value against the West German mark, dropping more than three pfennigs to 3,9293 from Monday eight's close of 3,9623. The lower cost of borrowing encouraged the stock market, bow-ever, and the Financial Times index of 30 leading shares set new

records for the fifth successive day of trading, rising 3.6 points to 724.9 by early afternoon.

Sotheby's bid raised by

LONDON (R) - The stakes were raised Monday in a battle between

American millionaires to buy Sotheby's, the upper-crust British auctioneers that bave sold everything from art masterpieces to Marilyn

Stephen Swid and Marshall Cogan, the original bidders shunned by Sotheby's senior management, lifted their bid from £5.20 to £6.30 (\$8.16 to \$9.89) a share for the 239-year-old auction house.

They increased their offer after Michigan property developer Mr.

Alfred Taubman, reputed to be one of the richest men in the United

States, disclosed last week be was prepared to match their first bid for

must now wait until the British government's Monopolies Com-

Sotheby's board welcomed the bid by 58-year-old Taubman, him-

The executives of the auction house had described Swid and

Cogan, who made a fortune trading stocks and then created a suc-

cessful business empire making carpet felt and furniture, as "the

About 130 Sotheby's staff signed a letter threatening to quit if Swid and Cogan took over, fuelling charges that the management was

U.S. millionaires

mission rules whether to allow the takeover.

self an art collector and frequent customer.

Monroe's bra.

wrong people".

being spobbish.

Sotheby Parke Bernet.

Government economists cautioned against reading too much into one month's figures and said that there had been a tendency over the years for industrial production statistics to fluctuate wildly from one month to the next.

A spokesman for the industrial employers federation. Coofindustria, said that output had been depressed by many factors. including mounting political uncertainty in the months leading up to the dissolution of parliament

Italian curreccy, the lira, against works contrasts.

the dollar had pushed up prices of imported raw materials, notably oil, putting a further squeeze on manufacturers struggling to maintain output, he said.

Confindustria has in recent weeks called on the Christian Democrats, who are almost certain to dominate the next govemment, to honour their commitment to a programme of mooetarist rigour.

The trade unions have called on the government to step up grants to help industry iovest in new technology as well as stimulate pro-The steady weakening of the duction by offering more public

# MEA to buy Airbus planes

PARIS (R) — Middle East Airlines (MEA) agreed Tuesday to a financing plan under which it will buy five planes from the European

Airbus and the Boeing company are competing fiercely for the Middle East medium-haul plane market.

and Britain, the three major partners in Airbus, will provide \$280 million of the loan.

funding are expected to be completed later, banking sources said. They declined to comment on the terms of the private loan, but said the 26 international banks involved in a similar deal in 1981. frozen because of last year's war in Lebanon, would probably be

# Bonn to press for lead-free petrol

BONN (R) - West Germany will press for lead-free petrol to be introduced in the European community at a meeting of environment ministers from the 10 Common Market countries in Luxembourg on

damage to evergreen forests.

Holland, were drawn up in the morandum by Interior Minister Friedrich Zimmermanh, his ministry has said in a statement.

to give the European commission a clear mandate to draw up the necessary regulations. Earlier this month, the European Parliament called for the adoption of lead-free petrol as soon as possible.

Mr. Zimmermann has said there is no point in West Germany

RIYADH (R) - Saudi basic industries corporation (Sabic) has arranged three loans totalling 686 million riyals (\$199 million) to belp finance industrial projects by its affiliates at the Gulf port of

The bank, which acted as lead meoager for the medium-term loan from eight Saudi or Saudi-owned banks, said in a statement the

# 13 Feminine

ACROSS 28 Before crow (be leery 33 Foch of of peace 35 Let up

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71 Hollow stem Turner 36 Allowing DOWN entrance 1 Stone-Into-Mezzanina. water sound Lab burner 3 Certain 41 Mekes It 44 Jug handle protective 4 Nervous – polici Pack away

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27 Venezuela

copper

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59 Therefore 60 Social Jacob 61 Mariner'a 62 Inclina

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# THE Daily Crossword by Ruth N. Schultz

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, JUNE 15, 1983

Horoscope

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Wonderful aspects are in

effect to do pretty much whet you please in order to ad-

vance. Use the afternoon and evening to reconsider

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19| You may have to contend

with some complications today. Don't lose your temper

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) The situation at bome im-

GEM1NI (May 21 to June 211 Handle correspondence

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Focus oo prac-

tical affairs and make big headway with them. An expert

LEO |July 22 to Aug. 21) Take care of personal wisbes

V1RGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Attack your work in a

ebeerful way. Ao admirer can bring you much good. Uae

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Some special desire can be

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Safeguard your reputa-

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Find a better way

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Use the morning to

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Use the afternoon for

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Improve your surroun-

1F YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will have a smooth early life, so give a fine education and add

subjects that have breadth of scope and continuity. Your

progeny will feel lost in case of any emergency arising.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make

However, there is intelligence and good judgment.

dings at home. Forget a rebuff you may get. Don't go near

conceotrating on personal affairs. Show you are Interested

get bills paid. Show associstes thet you appreciate them.

to express your viewpoints and use the technique to your

tion today. You gain favors from those in authority. The

granted early. Get some important studying done.

today. Take any necessary treatments for health and ap-

that can bring home the proverbial bacon. Get into

proves; bowever, guard against arguments. Hold on to

from the Carroll Righter Institute

previous viewpoints. Don't force issues.

some good ideas you get for future security.

studies that will improve your values.

you know cao give you fine advice.

pearance. Avoid an annoying person.

care in motion of all kind later in the day.

Tonight is fine for being with frienda.

avening is not favorable for travel.

advantage. Be happy in the evening.

in a civic matter. Relax at home tonight.

Take time to please a loved ooe.

anything controversial at work.

of your life is largely up to you!

with the one you love. Be gentle.

52 Seedlike 54 Dove sounds 56 Luminary 10 Dreaded 57 Reality, slangily 63 Habit Eagla's 65 Flooring

39 Napoleonic 40 Beach pests 42 Entrance

43 Sample 45 Famous last words 46 Feds

47 Gambling

mammat Jacob commune 9 Drum roll 11 Stare balefully

# consortium Airbus Industrie, government sources said. They said the Lebanon-based airlines accepted a \$350 millinn

financiog plan from Airbus which will enable it to buy five A-310 planes. The twin-engine, wide-body aircraft with a seating capacity of about 200 competes directly with the U.S. Boeing 767.

The government export credit agencies of France. West Germany

The terms of the \$70 million loan making up the private part of the

Emissions from cars using ordinary leaded petrol are hlamed for half the air pollution in West Germany, which is causing extensive The West German proposals, backed by Britain, Denmark and

It said Mr. Zimmermann will energetically press for their adoption

West German car and petroleum industries have pledged to seek agreement on fitting vehicles with converters requiring the use of

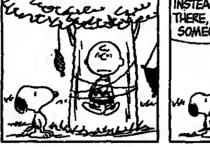
alone adopting lead-free petrol as its geographical position in the ceotre of Europe means much pollution comes from other countries.

# Sabic gets \$199m loans

Jubail, Riyadh said Tuesday.

agreement was expected to be signed Wedoesday. It said more than 70 per cent of the funds will go to Saudi iron and steel company, which is 95 per cent owned by Sabic.

# The watchdog Monopolies Commission intervened out of concern that London could lose its leading place in the world art market if Sotheby's fell into American bands. **Peanuts**





I SAID "ARE YOU

YOUR STEREO

OR WATCHING

LA SISA

LISTENING TO









## **Andy Capp**

Mutt 'n' Jeff

CICERO! ARE YOU

YOUR STERED OR

WATCHING TY?

LISTENING TO









DOIN' MY

HOMEWORK!

Weinberger

warns Syria

about Soviets

WASHINGTON (Agencies)

Syria would serve its own best int-

erests by withdrawing its forces

from Lebanon and reversing the

growth of Soviet influence in

Damascus, Secretary of Defence

Casper Weinberger, said during a

CBS "face the nation" television

- "Most countries that have

been subjected to Soviet presence

road... to peace in the Mideast",

# WORLD

# Salvadorean army hunts rebels

SAN SALVADOR (R) — Leftwing guerrillas have accused El Salvador's U.S.-backed army of planning "masked genocide" under a military and civic offensive launched three days ago.

The offensive, designed to break the stalemate in the civil war, is aimed at flushing guerrilla forces out of the central province of San Vicente before moving in civic action teams.

The programme is patterned on the U.S. campaign to win the "hearts and minds" of the rural population in the Vietnam war. .

The guerrillas' Radio Farabundo Marti said the army would bomb defenceless civilians in its search for guerrillas and then start food, medical and public works projects to create the illusion that the government was helping the very people whose relatives had been killed or maimed.

The radio is the mouthpiece of

SEOUL (R) - South Korea's

main opposition party called on

the government Tuesday to lift

curbs on political activity as five

dissidents went into the 15th day

Democratic Korea Party (DKP)

Vice President Shin Sang-Woo

told a special parliamentary ses-

sion that the DKP's policies were

those of former opposition leader

Kim Young-Sam, who ended a

hunger strike last Thursday after

The Rev. Moon lk-Hwan and

four other dissidents said they

would continue their fast in sup-

CALVI Corsica (R) - President

Francois Mitterrand Tuesday

warned separatist guerrillas trying

to bomb Corsica towards ind-

ependence from France-that his

government would show them no

Mr. Mitterrand, on the second

day of a 48-hour visit to the tro-

ubled Mediterranean island, said

he was confident the violence was

In a clear message to the out-

lawed Corsican National Lib-

eration Front (FLNC), he added:

violence until it disappears. Let no

one expect the least compromise

mainland France this year, has

from us.

We are capable of containing the

repudiated by most Corsicans.

of their hunger strike.

press for democracy

Mitterrand warns rebels

the Popular Liberation Force rching for ammunition and food (FPL), one of five organisations dumps. grouped in the Farabundo Marti National Liberation Front (FMLN).

Most diplomats here feel that with the present balance of forces - 24.000 U.S.-backed troops against 5.000 experienced guerrillas - neither side in the war is strong enough for outright military victory.

Since the offensive began last Friday, the army has concentrated men and firepower on the Chichontepec volcano which lowers 2.600 metres over the provincial capital of San Vicence and has often served as a hase for gue-

Monday. Col. Dionisio Hernandez, head of the civic action side of the offensive. told Reuters the guerrillas had ahandoned their positions on the volcano. Troops were advancing to the top sea-

port of Mr. Kim's struggle for a

Prime Minister Kim Sang-Hyup

said Monday that President Chun

Doo-Hwan's administration

would continue to ease curbs and

release jailed dissidents. But Mr.

Shin said Tuesday that prospects

for democracy in South Korea

He suggested that a meeting be

held between President Chun, Mr.

Kim, and Kim Dae-Jung, a former

presidential candidate who was

sentenced to death but exiled to

the United States last December.

attempts to intimidate French set-

tlers into leaving.

restoration of democracy.

were gloomy.

The army has reported no guerrilla casualties in the assault on Chinchontepec. an apparent indication that the guerrillas slipped away before the government moved 6.000 of its best troops into San Vicente.

With the assault on the volcano leaving other parts of the country thinly protected, the rehels struck elsewhere and reported inflicting

heavy casualties. Monday the guerrillas said they had killed 80 men of the elite. U.S.-trained Atlacatl battalion in the rugged mountains of Moarazan, a north-eastern province bordering on Honduras.

Military sources said Monday that a column of 20 rebels had att-

accompanied by fresh government calls on the guerrillas to take advantage of an amnesty offered by President Alvaro Magana earlier this year.

Military sources said that one guerrilla had so far surrendered in response to the latest amnesty call.

### Bianca Jagger in Nicaragua

MANAGUA (R) - Bianca Jagger. actress and former wife of Rolling Stone Mick Jagger. led a U.S. delegation to her native Nicaragua on a fact-finding tour Monday. Mrs. Jagger told reporters the aim of the tour was to explain the Nicaraguan situation to the U.S. Congress.

"The foreign policy of the United States in Central America is

# Eagleburger raps Moscow

interview Sunday.

no exception." he said.

WASHINGTON (Agencies) ~ Under Secretary of State for Political Affairs Lawrence Eagleburger, in a speech Sunday to a meeting in Washington of the American-Israel public affairs committee, charged that "by attempting to thwart the effort of Israel and Lebanon to live in peace. the Russians are making a desperate bid to recoup some of their wanting influence in the Middle

Moscow's current heavy mil-

# Chernenko still in place

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet Communist Party Secretary Konstantin Chernenko Tuesday quashed rumours of his political decline by delivering the main report at a meeting of the party central committee.

Mr. Chemenko, 71, whose future in the Kremlin has been the subject of speculation, was reported by the official TASS news agency to have delivered a keynote ideological report.

No details of his speech were immediately available, but Mr. Chernenko's role as the opening speaker confirmed that he was once again in the forefront of Kremlin affairs after a long gap. Formerly chief aide to the late

militarily are very anxious to get party leader Leonid Brezhnev. rid of it, and the Syrians should be Mr. Chernenko lost the battle to become his successor to Yuri -- The United States is "very Andropov last November and hopeful" that Damascus will come since then his political position has to realise that the withdrawal of its appeared to be slipping. troops from Lebanon is the "only

Soviet sources have predicted that the central committee meeting, likely to lay down a new political line for the Mr. Andropov era after seven months of uncertainty, will last two days instead of the usual one.

If this week's session lasts into Wednesday it will be the first such two-day meeting since 1973 and may signal an increase in the central committee's real influence.

Following the death of 84year-old Arvid Peishe in May the polithuro now has only I I members, and Mr. Andropov is widely expected to promote some new faces.

The ideological line which emerges from this week's meeting is likely to have important implications for economic policy. A hardline commitment to political orthodoxy will weaken the position of advocates of reforming the Soviet economy.

# British opposition parties face leadership changes

LONDON (R) - Two British a combination of youth, drive, and opposition parties. Labour and cabinet experience. the Social Democrats, are preparing to hand over their respective leaderships to a younger generation after Thursday's Conservative election triumph.

In the aftermath of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher's sweeping victory, the two parties have moved quickly to improve their image with the voters.

Roy Jenkins, 62, announced Monday night that he was resigning as head of the Social Democratic Party (SDP) and wanted his deputy. 44-year-old David Owen, to succeed him.

The day before, the Labour Party had disclosed that its leader, Michael Foot, 69, would be standing down in October.

The change at the top in the SDP should be straightforward. ential qualities." Mr. Owen, a former Labour for-

The succession in the Labour

Party will be a more protracted. affair and could inflict even more damage on a party already demoralised by a heavy defeat.

Three contenders have come forward so far, the youngest being the party's education spokesman. Neil Kinnock, 41. He is the current favourite to win and has strong backing from the trade unions, which have a voice in the election of the leader.

Monday night Mr. Kinnock, a leftwinger with no government experience, rejected suggestions that he was too young. He said in a television interview: "I have lots of energy and a lot of common sense, and I think they are the ess-

The other candidates are fineign secretary, is acknowledged by ance spokesman Peter Sbore, 59.

### bis opponents in other parties to and rightwinger Roy Hattersley. be a formidable politician and has 50. Pioneer 10 expected to outlast the solar system

MOUNTAIN VIEW. Califorota (R) - The U.S. spacecraft Pioneer 10 Tuesday sped into etemity, apparently destined to travel for ever more among the stars,

National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) said. "Pioneer should oulast the solar

sun is expected to become a red giant and engulf the earth, Pioneer 10 should still be flying," he said. The 260 kilogramme spa-

first spacecraft to enter "deep Cheering scientists in the small NASA mission control centre in

the outermost planet of the solar

system, Monday and became the

Mountain View celebrated the achievement with champagne and strawberries and bagels and cream

its first star in 10,507 years. It should then pass Barnard's Star, which changes its position faster than any other star, at a distance of 3.8 light years, the NASA spo-

Scientists hope to keep in touch

# NEWS BRIEF

### Habib, Draper given awards

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -Two American diplomats and the administrator for the U.S. Agency for International Development (US. AID) have been presented awards for their service for the past year to Lebanon by the

American-Lebanese League. Ambassadors Philip Habib and Morris Draper shared the Lebanon Award for their diplomatic efforts"in the cause of a free Lebanon." Mr. Habib bears the title of special envoy for the Lebanon negotiation and Mr. Draper's title is special negotiator for the Lebanon negotiation. A humanitarian award went to M. Peter McPherson, U.S. AID administrator.

### Rajavi cites Iranian government excesses

GENEVA (R) - A senior Iranian resistance leader accused Tehran Tuesday of executing workers, breaking up strikes vio lently and sacking thousands for protesting against sudden pay cuts and other measures. Massoud Rajavi, head of the Paris-based Iranian National Resistance Council, said in an open letter to the International: Labour Organisation (ILO) annual assembly that Iran flagrantly violated ILO conventions on work conditions. He listed 76 workers he said were executed by the Iranian government in 1981 and 1982, most in their twenties and all but one members of his underground Mujahedin resistance.

### Charles, Diana off to Canada

LONDON (R) - Prince Charles. heir to the British throne, and his wife. Princess Diana, left Tuesday to begin a 17-day tour of Canada. the young princess's first visit to a country of which she will one day be queen. They flew from Lon-don's Heathrow airport aboard a Canadian forces' Being 707 bound for Halifax. Nova Scotia. where they were to board the royal yacht Britannia, their base for much of the tour.

### U.S. mass killer sentenced to death

DAYTONA BEACH, Florida (R) - A restaurant cook, who police say has confessed to killing 39 women, was sentenced Monday to die in the electric chair for two murders. Gerald Stano, 31, is aiready serving six consecutive life sentences for nine murders. Circuit Judge James Foxman imposed death penalties for the 1975 strangling of Susan Bickrest and the 1977 shooting of Mary Mul-

### Greek lieutenant put on trial

SALONIKA, Greece (R) - A Greek army lieutenant went on trial here Tuesday on a series of charges relating to murders and attempted rapes which mostly took place in a town called Drama. Kyriakos Papachronis, 23, was charged by a military tribunal with two murders, four attempted murders, two attempted rapes, one case of grievous bodily harm. 10 cases of using weapons in a threatening way, and one theft. Most of the incidents involved attacks on women in Drama.

### Peruvian guerrillas attack tourist town

LIMA (R) — Left-wing guerrillas blew up two power pylons and set off a bomb in a U.S.-Peruvian cuitural centre in the South Peruvian tourist town of Cuzco. police said Monday. The town was plunged into darkness but pobody was hurt, police said.

### Centre-right parties to form group

BONN (R) - More than 20 conservative and centrist party leaders will meet in London on June 24 to form a world-wide grouping called the International Democratic Union (IDU), West Germany's Christian Democrats said Tuesday. The new grouping, the rightist equivalent of the Socialist International, will be an umbrella organisation for the European: Democratic Union and the Pacific Democratic Union.

acked the village of Sieta Joyas in San Vicente while the army hlasted Chinchontepec. No casualty mistaken and does not contribute figures were available. to peace." she said. S. Korean politicians Mexicans urge U.S.

for peaceful solution

MEXICO CITY (R) — Mexican government leaders have told U.S. envoy Richard Stone that a peaceful solution to the region's crises should be found quickly to avoid outright war, a foreign ministry spokesman said.

Mr. Stone, sent by President Reagan to gather opinions from 10 nations on ways to end Central America's turmoil, Monday met Mexican President Miguel de la Madrid and Foreign Minister Bernardo Sepulveda on the last stop of his 12-day tour. He said Mr. Sepulveda emphasised economic and social development, an end to arms trafficking and negotiations between hostile countries as solutions to Central America's problems.

Mr. Stone, who was to leave Tuesday for Washington, was not available for comment.

Mr. Stone met during the tour leaders of the five Central American nations directly or indirectly involved in the crisis - Guatemala, El Salvador, Honduras, Nicaragua and Costa Rica - and made brief stop in Belize,

itary buildup in Syria, he said, and its's reinforcement of resistance in Syria to the Israeli-Lebanese withdrawal agreement. "is but the most recent example" of Soviet irresponsibility.

# Co-accused could be called to give evidence against John De Lorean

His warning to the guerrillas Tuesday was the first overt reference he has made to the violence since he arrived Monday. Mr. Mitterrand's socialist government has already given the island its own elected assembly to

appease nationalist feeling. But island politicians have accused Paris of dragging its feet in enable the assembly to revitalise the Corsican economy.

The president, during his hel-icopter tour of the mountainous island, has stressed that it must remain part of France but has also paid tribute to its special social and cultural identity.

The FLNC, which has carried out 300 bombings in Corsica and Mr. Mitterrand received a warm declared to truce for the duration welcome Monday when he spoke of the presidential visit but is expin the Corsican capital of Ajaccio but was booed by students later at ected to resume its campaign of Corte University violence once Mr. Mitterrand lea-

Police Tuesday questioned a Mr. Mitterrand banned the man arrested Monday with a loa-FLNC in January during a rapid ded pistol in Ajaccio minunes befescalation of its bomb attacks and ore Mr. Mitterrand drove past.

LOS ANGELES (R) — William Hetrick, 50, an aircraft engineer accused with car maker John De Lorean in an alleged drug conspiracy, has pleaded guilty and could be called to give evidence

against his fellow-defendant. Mr. De Lorean's lawyer. Howard Weitzman, immediately told reporters Mr. Hetrick's decision to change his plea to guilty would not hurt his client.

"De Lorean has not engaged in any unlawful activity." Mr. Weitzman said. Mr. De Lorean, 58, former

head of a sports car factory in Belfast, Northern Ireland, Hetrick and a third accused, Stephen Arrington. 34. pleaded not guilty to drug charges after being arrested in Los Angeles last October.

The British government, which had provided about \$140 million for the factory, closed the plant shortly after Mr. De Lorean's

The charges included possessing and intending to distribute about 25 kilos of justice by providing direct As part of a plea agreement Arrington and others.

reached by the prosecution and Mr. Hetrick's lawyer. Stephen Wilson, he also pleaded guilty to two additional charges of income tax evasion and unlawful transport of currency outside the United Sentencing was set for Oct. 31.

nearly three months after mr. De Lorean and Arrington are due to stand trial on Aug. 9. and Mr. Hetrick could be sentenced to up to 49 years in prison and fines of up to \$600,000. Under the agreement, the

prosecution dropped the most serious charge against Mr. Hetrick, of conducting a continuing criminal conspiracy. which carries a mandatory 10-year prison sentence.

The plea agreement said Mr. Hetrick had significant information which would enable him to assist in the pursuit of knowledge," he said.

cocaine, one of four counts to first-hand information concerning which Mr. Hetrick Monday alleged criminal acts and pleaded guilty.

An assistant prosecutor. Layne Phillips, told U.S. District Court Judge Robert Takasugi. who had been made on whether Mr. Herrick would be called as a Mr. De Lorean is free on bail of

\$5 million. Mr. Hetrick has been held in prison since his arrest in lieu of bail of \$10 million. As part of the plea agreement Mr. Hetrick will hand over to the

government almost all his assets. including \$448,000 in hank accounts, four vessels, five aircraft and 11 cars. After the hearing, prosecutor

Wilson told reporters he would not comment on what Mr. Hetrick might say against Mr. De Lorean. ."But I think the indictment indicates he (Hetrick) had some

### after leaving the solar system. "Instellar space is empty and there is nothing to damage the spacecraft," a spokesman for the

system itself." "In five billion years, when the

cecraft. looking like a "flying saucer' with its giant disc. flew across the orbit of Neptune. at present

2 Afrikaner

Travelling at present at 49,167 kph, Pioneer 10 has its date with

with Pioneer 10 imtil 1994.

LONDON (R) — A judge jailed a

woman ballet teacher for one

month Monday for biting a pol-

iceman who arrested her without a

warrant and marched her naked to

The prosecution said a pol-

Ballet teacher

# **GOREN BRIDGE**

BY CHARLES GOREN © 1982 Yribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

PLAY SAFE TO ASSURE THE CONTRACT North-South vulnerable, invitation, despite the fact

South deals. **♦KJ6**♥9763 0 0 4 3 **◆** A 75 WEST **EAST + 10842 + Q**♥ J852 ◇ **J975** ◇ K 10262 **+** 1093 SOUTH + A9753 VAKQ **♦KQJ**6 The bidding:

South West North East Pass 2 + Pass 3 0 Pass 4 💠 Pass Pass Pass 6 + 5 🕈 Pass Pass Opening lead: Ten of .

The metbods for handling some card combinations are standard. Knowing them can save you a lot of headaches -and cash! South had a tough hand to

bid. It qualified for a forcing two-bid by most standards except for the quality of the trump auit. So South elected to open one apade, and then embark on a cue-bidding sequence after bis partner raised. When North ahowed nothing further to cue-bid. South bid over game as an inquiry about the quality of North'a trumpa. With two honora, North felt duty bound to accept his partner'sthat he had only three-card aupport.

West led the top of bis club aequence and declarer wasted no time in going down. He won the opening lead in hand and finessed the jack of spades, losing to East's queen. When East showed out on the next round of trumps, declarer still had to lose a trick to the ten of trumps.

As long as trumps are no worse than 4-1, declarer can assure the contract no matter who bolds four trumps and regardless of wbetber the queen of trumpa is singleton or not. At trick two declarer should lead trump to the king. If the queen appears, well and good. If her majeaty does not

show up, declarer crosses to his hand and leads a low trump toward his jack. If Weat produces a low trump, declarer plays dummy'a jack. If that loses to the queen, there is only one trump missing and the ace will draw that. If the jack wins and East shows out, Weat can make only one trump trick.

And what if West abowa out on the aecond trump lead? Dummy's jack loses to the queen. Declarer wins any return and crossea to dummy with the ace of clubs. He can then take the marked finesse for the ten of trumps. Either way, declarer can lose no more than one trump trick.

# U.S.-Greek talks on bases

near conclusion ATHENS (R) - Greek and U.S. negotiators met Tuesday to discuss the future of U.S. bases in Greece in what Greek officials said could be the final session of the eight-month-old talks.

They said Prime Minister Andreas Papandreou is almost certain to announce the success or failure of the negotiations before be leaves for the European Community summit in Stuttgart, West Germany, on Friday.

Mr. Papandreou, a socialist. who came to power on such slogans as "out with the hases of death". has said the Americans will be given n maximum of 18 months to leave if no agreement is

In return for letting them stay for a limited period, Athens has demanded greatly increased U.S. military aid and a guarantee that Washington will not disrupt the balance of military power between Greece and Turkey.

The outcome of the talks will be an important indication of whether Greece, which has said repeatedly that it perceives no threat from Warsaw Pact countries, intends to remain in the Westero camp, political commentators say.

The State Department has criticised Athens over provisions in a Greek-Soviet communique signed during a visit by Soviet Prime Minister Nikolai Tikhonov. These included Greece's support for the idea of a nuclear-free Balkans. But despite these problems,

commentators say Greece's overwhelming dependence on U.S. arms supplies and the threat it perceives from neighbouring Turkey make it difficult for the government to contemplate a complete break with Washington.

# **Tourist killed in Kenya**

NAIROBI (R) - Gunmen shot the head. dead a British tourist Monday as he was returning to Nairobi on a tour bus after viewing a Kenyan game park, British officials said

They identified the dead man as Everard John Edward Smith, 53. of Holme Church, Essex, southero England, and said he was with his wife, Audrey, when he died. His death followed a series of

attacks on foreign tourists and residents over recent months. driver of the bus was shot in the face but managed to drive on and

The officials said the Kenyan was now in hospital. No other passengers were hurt. The attack came as five gunmen

attempted to halt a group of three

small buses returning from a game

park. When the first two failed to

stop, they opened fire on the third.

The British tourist was thought to

have died instantly from a bullet in

The gunmen struck near a once popular viewing point some 50 kilometres from Nairobi. In March, in the same area, a Canadian aid official was shot and wounded, and month later, a Finnish missionary was wounded in an attack there.

### Kenya bans travel

NAIROBI (R) - Kenyan authorities have imposed an informal han on passenger travel between South Africa and Kenya, Western diplomats said here Tuesday.

An undermined number of passengers from Johannesburg -foreign residents of South Africa and tourists from various countries - have been barred from entering Kenya and forced to re-embark for other destinations over the past few days, they said.

# terrorists jailed bites policeman PRETORIA (R) - Two right-

wing white extremists were Tne-sday jailed for 15 years by South Africa's Supreme Court for terrorist activities. The men, who belonged to the white-supremacist Afrikaner

Weerstandsbeweging (AWB) the Afrikaner resistance movement -- were found guilty of terrorism Monday after the court heard they had planned to ass-assinate leading black clergymen and send syphilis-infected mice into a multi-racial hotel. Jacob Daniel Viljoen, 41, and

Hendrik Gerhardus Jacobz, 37, were also found guilty of planning to sabotage the multi-racial president's council, the government's senior advisory body, and of stealing explosives and possessing arms.

# when she was thrown to the floor. The police then handcuffed her

### breakthrough in the bunt for the captives. The sources said no bodiea had

been recovered but the information was considered strong enough for the foreign government conceroed to be told to advise next-of-kin their sons were

But Western diplomats said Tuesday that what had been considered a strong lead before the weekend looked more tenuous 31, and Britons James Greenwell,

> kesman commented: "Police policv is that in the absence of physical evidence such as bodies or remains they are still missing per-

# iceman and a policewoman went to Penelope Littlewood's London

a police van.

home last August after a complaint that bottles had been thrown from a balcony. Ms. Littlewood, 29, told the court she was in the shower at the time and answered the door wea-

ring only a hath towel.
She admitted biting the policeman on the band but said she did it when he tried to usher the two officers from her home. She said the towel fell away

and marched her naked-80 metres

to the waiting police vehicle.

# Anti-herpes vaccine tested

LONDON (R) - British scientists say a new vaccine they have developed aganinst the sexuallytransmitted disease herpes has given encouraging results in initial

But the scientists, from the Centre for Applied Microhiology and Research at Porton Down in southern England, caution that it is too early to say whether the vaccine will live up to its early pro-

## Zimbabwe looks for 'missing persons' HARARE (R) — The Zimbabwe dence in Zimbabwe strongly sug-

government has no new information on the fate of six foreign tourists kidnapped by rebels a year ago, state security chief Emmerson Munangagwa bas said.

He said in a statement that five rebels were being questioned in connection with crimes in the troubled southero province of Mataheleland, including the abduction of the tourists - two Americans, two Australians and two Britons. But he added: "No information

are continuing."

gested the six, seized during a safari trip, were dead. He said some of the rebels bad admitted taking part in the abduction. The Australian gov-

ernment was seeking final confirmation that the tourists bad been killed a day after their capture on 23 July. The missing tourists are Americans Kevin Ellis, 24, and Brett Baldwin, 23, Australians Tony Bajzelz, 25, and William Butler,

is yet to hand regarding the fate of 19, and Martyn Hodgson, 35. the six tourists and investigations Informed sources in Harare said at the weekend that information Australian Foreign Minister. gleaned from the rebels, once Bill Hayden said in a statement loyal to the guerrilla war army of issued in Canherra that fresh evi-Josbua Nkomo, inideated a major

probably dead.

A Zimbabwe government spo-

Prof. Jack Melling, director of vaccine production at Porton Down, told Reuters that the vaccine had been tested on 100 vol-